

HOUSE BILL 8: NC Managing Environmental Waste Act of 2025.

2025-2026 General Assembly

Committee:	House Agriculture and Environment. If	Date:	February 26, 2025
	favorable, re-refer to State and Local		
	Government. If favorable, re-refer to Rules,		
	Calendar, and Operations of the House		
Introduced by:	Rep. Warren	Prepared by:	Aaron McGlothlin
Analysis of:	First Edition	- •	Committee Counsel

**OVERVIEW:** House Bill 8 would enact several measures related to food service ware as follows:

- Establish that it is the policy of this State that all State agencies, community colleges, and local school administrative units shall, to the extent economically practicable, purchase and use materials with compostable or recyclable content in their food establishments.
- Restore certain annual reporting requirements concerning the amounts and types of materials and supplies with recycled content purchased and the amounts and types of materials collected for recycling by State agencies, community colleges, and local school administrative units.
- Require the North Carolina Policy Collaboratory at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill to study the issue of food service ware, and appropriate \$50,000 to the Collaboratory in nonrecurring funds to carry out this study.
- Require the Legislative Services Officer to evaluate and implement opportunities to reduce the use of food service ware in food establishments and beverage services operated by the General Assembly.
- Require the Department of Cultural and Natural Resources to implement a pilot program to eliminate the use of food service ware at five facilities operated by the Department.

## **BILL ANALYSIS:**

**Section 1.(a)** of the bill would provide that it is the policy of this State that all State departments, institutions, agencies, community colleges, and local school administrative units shall, to the extent economically practicable, purchase and use, or require the purchase and use of, materials and supplies with compostable or recyclable content in food establishments operated under the auspices of the department, institution, agency, community college, and local school administrative unit.

**Section 1.(a) and 1.(b)** of the bill would restore certain reporting requirements applicable to State agencies, community colleges, and local school administrative units concerning the amounts and types of materials and supplies with recycled content purchased annually by these entities, and the amounts and types of materials collected for recycling annually by these entities. The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) would be required to report this data to the Environmental Review Commission (ERC) and the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations. These reporting requirements were repealed in 2009 and 2010.

Kara McCraw Director



Legislative Analysis Division 919-733-2578

This bill analysis was prepared by the nonpartisan legislative staff for the use of legislators in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.

## House Bill 8

Page 2

**Section 2** of the bill would direct the North Carolina Policy Collaboratory (Collaboratory) to study the issue of food service ware, including examination of all the following matters:

- The environmental impacts of plastics pollution.
- The State's current requirements for plastics recycling.
- Estimates of the proportionate volume of plastics recycled versus plastics disposed of in landfills in the State.
- Recycling markets and available information on the fate of plastics collected for recycling in the State, including data on plastics used as feedstock for in-State recycling, and national and international markets.
- Pending and enacted legislation in other states to regulate food service ware, including bans on specific types of food service ware.
- The impact that bans on specific types of food service ware have had on people with disabilities.
- Current private sector initiatives to reduce plastics pollution and additional financial and market tools that may be employed by private sector interests for this purpose.
- Alternatives to use of food service ware for serving or transporting food and beverages.
- New technologies for plastics recycling and waste reduction.

Section 2 would also require the Collaboratory to consult with stakeholders in conducting the study, including DEQ, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Administration, representatives of the environmental community, the North Carolina Retail Merchants Association, and the North Carolina Beverage Association. The Collaboratory would be required to report its findings and recommendations, including any legislative proposals, to the 2026 Regular Session of the 2025 General Assembly upon its convening.

Section 3 of the bill would require:

- The Legislative Services Officer to evaluate all opportunities to reduce the use of food service ware in food establishments and beverage services operated by the General Assembly and implement such measures at the earliest date that (i) does not result in disposal, prior to use, of food service ware already procured on the date this act becomes law and (ii) does not impair contracts for purchase of such food service ware in effect on the date this act becomes law.
  - The Legislative Services Officer must issue a preliminary report on implementation of the requirements of this section, including any additional costs associated with replacing food service ware with compostable or recyclable materials, to the ERC no later than September 1, 2025, and provide a final report to the ERC no later than March 1, 2026.
- The Department of Natural and Cultural Resources to implement a pilot program to eliminate the sale or provision of food or beverages in or with food service ware. In implementing this pilot, the Department must identify five facilities operated by the Department to implement measures to eliminate food service ware at the earliest possible date that (i) does not result in disposal, prior to use, of food service ware already procured by the agency on the date this act becomes law and

## House Bill 8

Page 3

(ii) does not impair contracts for purchase of such food service ware in effect on the date this act becomes law.

• The Department must issue a preliminary report on implementation of the requirements of this section, including any additional costs associated with replacing food service ware with compostable or recyclable materials, to the ERC no later than September 1, 2025, and provide a final report to the ERC no later than March 1, 2026.

**Section 4** of the bill, for purposes of this act, defines "food service ware" as products, other than compostable or recyclable products, used by a food service provider that are designed for one-time use for serving or transporting prepared, ready-to-consume food or beverages, including plates, cups, bowls, trays, utensils, straws, cup lids, and hinged or lidded containers.

**Section 5** of the bill would appropriate \$50,000 in nonrecurring funds for the 2025-2026 fiscal year from the General Fund to the North Carolina Policy Collaboratory to carry out the study on the issue of food service ware, as required by **Section 2**.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Section 5 of the bill would become effective July 1, 2025. The remainder of the bill would be effective when it becomes law.