

HOUSE BILL 193: Various Court Changes 2023.

2023-2024 General Assembly

Committee:	Senate Judiciary. If favorable, re-refer to Rules and Operations of the Senate	Date:	June 13, 2023
Introduced by: Analysis of:	Rep. Stevens PCS to Second Edition H193-CSTU-18	Prepared by:	Kristen L. Harris* Committee Co-Counsel

OVERVIEW: The PCS to House Bill 193 would amend various provisions of the General Statutes, as recommended by the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC).

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 would allow for parties to pay money judgments with a credit or debit card. This section would be effective October 1, 2023.

Sections 2 and 3 would make technical corrections.

SECTION 4 would repeal the requirement that the AOC report annually to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety about the implementation of the notice of waiver of costs to affected governmental entities.

SECTION 5 would repeal the bond requirements for clerks of the Supreme Court, of the Court of Appeals, of superior courts, and for magistrates.

SECTION 6 would do the following:

- Allow the Conference of District Attorneys to employ resource prosecutors eligible to practice across the state and when assisting a district attorney, have the same authority, power, and privileges as an assistant district attorney serving in the requesting district attorney's office.
- Allow the Conference of District Attorneys to designate personnel to lobby for legislative action.

This section would be effective July 1, 2023.

SECTION 7 would provide that the training for district court judges specializing in juvenile cases include trauma-informed training on recognizing and mitigating adverse childhood experiences and adverse community environments.

SECTION 8 would allow the clerk of superior court to assign the duty of passing on applications for excuses from jury services to judicial support staff and allow the clerk of superior court to review requests to be excused or exempted from jury service. This section would be effective October 1, 2023.

SECTION 9(a) would require that bonds taken or renewed by boards of commissioners be filed with the clerk of superior court and endorsed and certified by the chairman of the board of commissioners.

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SECTION 9(b) would require the board of county commissioners to register with the register of deeds and file with the clerk of superior court the official bond of the sheriffs. The bond must be taken on or before the first Monday of December next after the election.

SECTION 10 would allow the chief district judge to delegate authority to a chief magistrate to do the following:

- Temporarily assign magistrates to out-of-county duty under exigent circumstances.
- Designate certain magistrates to accept waivers of counsel and appoint counsel in non-capital cases.
- Conduct preliminary investigations into written complaints against magistrates, but not make written findings or take any disciplinary action.

SECTION 11 would do the following:

- Clarify that the exemption from the prohibition of the collection of Social Security Numbers (SSNs) by state agencies applies to all court records, as opposed to only documents filed in court records.
- Expand the information a register of deeds, clerk of court, or the AOC may remove from publicly accessible official records.
- Clarify that a register of deeds or clerk of court are not covered under a statute that requires businesses suffering a breach of confidential information to disclose the breach to affected individuals. It would also clarify that they are not liable for claims or damages that might result from the release of confidential information.

SECTION 12 would do the following:

- Add a new subsection to Rule 5 allowing service by the court to be made by a notice that identifies the document filed and directs the recipient to an internet location where the document is available.
- Provide that service is made through the court's electronic filing system or case management system if performed on an attorney at an email address of record with the court or if performed on a party at an email address of record with the court and the party has consented to receive service through the system and a copy of the consent is filed with the court.
- Provide that each member of the State Bar must provide a mailing address, phone number, and email address to the secretary-treasurer of the State Bar to be that member's contact information of record with the court.

This section would be effective August 1, 2023.

SECTION 13 would do the following:

- Require a commitment examiner that is filing a petition and affidavit for an involuntary commitment in a county that has implemented an electronic filing system approved by the Director of AOC to file the affidavit and petition, as well as other supporting documentation and any subsequent documentation and notifications, through the electronic filing system. The original custody order would not be required to be mailed to the clerk or magistrate.
- Require the findings of a physician, eligible psychologist, or commitment examiner or the certificate of a commitment examiner to be sent to the clerk of superior court through the

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electronic filing system, if the county has implemented a system approved by the Director of AOC, or by the most reliable and expeditious means otherwise available.

This section would be effective April 1, 2024.

SECTION 14 would include a severability clause.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Except as otherwise provided, this act would be effective when it becomes law.

*Alex Ramirez, Legislative Analysis Division, contributed to this summary.