

# **SENATE BILL 450:** Various Education Changes.

2021-2022 General Assembly

| <b>Committee:</b> |                            | Date:        | June 29, 2021  |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Introduced by:    | Sens. Lee, Ballard, Barnes | Prepared by: | Kara McCraw    |
| Analysis of:      | Fourth Edition             |              | Staff Attorney |

**OVERVIEW:** Senate Bill 450 would require the following:

- The State Board of Education to survey and report on the installation of carbon monoxide alarm and detection systems in existing public school buildings.
- Clarification of testing requirements for nonpublic schools.
- Municipalities to (i) provide water, sewer, or water and sewer services to properties used as charter school facilities when certain conditions are met, and (ii) grant qualifying voluntary annexation petitions for those properties.

### SECTION 1: CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS AND DETECTION SYSTEMS

**CURRENT LAW:** Under G.S. 115C-525, public school buildings have to be inspected at least twice each year to ensure that the building and all heating, mechanical, electrical, gas, and other equipment and appliances are properly installed and maintained in a "safe and serviceable manner as prescribed by the North Carolina Building Code". The School Planning Section at the Department of Public Instruction confirmed that the North Carolina Building Code has specific requirements for carbon monoxide detectors or alarms in schools with gas-fired equipment such as boilers and forced air furnaces or gas-fired appliances such as stoves. Each alarm signal is required to be automatically transmitted to an on-site location that is staffed by school personnel.

**BILL ANALYSIS:** Senate Bill 450 would directs the State Board of Education (SBE) to survey all public school units to determine the number of existing school buildings that are currently not equipped with carbon monoxide alarm and detection systems, but would have to install those systems to be in compliance with the requirements for new buildings in Section 915 of the North Carolina State Building Code, Fire Prevention Code, as well as the estimated costs to install carbon monoxide alarm and detection systems in those buildings. The information would be reported by December 15, 2021, to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee, House Appropriations Committee, and Senate Appropriations/Base Budget Committee.

#### SECTION II: NONPUBLIC SCHOOL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

**CURRENT LAW:** Article 39 of Chapter 115C establishes the requirements for private church schools, schools of religious charter, and qualified nonpublic schools. One of those requirements is required testing in grades three, six, nine, and eleven. The test must be a nationally standardized test or other nationally equivalent measure selected by the school. In grades three, six, and nine, the test must measure achievement in English grammar, reading, spelling, and mathematics. In grade eleven, the test must measure competencies in verbal and quantitative areas.

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For nonpublic schools that receive Opportunity Scholarships, the standardized tests must be administered annually to scholarship students, and must measure achievement in the areas of English grammar, reading, spelling, and mathematics.

**BILL ANALYSIS:** SB 450 would change the requirements for all nonpublic school testing in grade nine to allow test that measured either (i) achievement in the areas of English grammar, reading, spelling and mathematics or (ii) competencies in the verbal and quantitative areas.

For nonpublic schools required to administer annual testing to Opportunity Scholarship recipients, the bill would require testing in grades three through eight that measures achievement in the areas of English grammar, reading, spelling and mathematics, and testing in grades nine through twelve that measures either (i) achievement in the areas of English grammar, reading, spelling and mathematics or (ii) competencies in the verbal and quantitative areas.

This section would apply beginning with the 2021-2022 school year.

#### SECTION III: MUNICIPAL WATER AND SEWER SERVICES FOR CHARTER SCHOOLS

**CURRENT LAW:** Article 4A of Chapter 160A establishes the process for annexation of property into a municipality. Part 1 of the Article establishes the process to petition for voluntary annexation of contiguous territory. Part 4 of the Article establishes the process to petition for voluntary annexation of noncontiguous territory.

Article 16 of Chapter 160A establishes the authority and requirements for municipal public enterprises, including water and sewer services. Cities are authorized to operate public enterprises to furnish services to the city and its citizens, and may also operate public enterprises within reasonable limitations outside of the corporate limits.

**BILL ANALYSIS:** SB 450 would require a municipality to provide water, sewer, or water and sewer services to any property owned or leased for use as a charter school facility for an approved charter school upon request of the property owner if the following requirements are met:

- The municipality has available capacity in the requested service or services.
- The property owner agrees in writing to the requirements contained in a utility extension agreement established by the municipal governing board.
- The property owner agrees to payment of all costs for extending the requested services.

With the property owner's written permission, a developer could also make the same request and agreements to pay the costs for these services.

For property not located within the municipal limits, the owner of the charter property could also petition for annexation. The municipality would be required to grant the petition if the charter property was otherwise eligible for annexation under the statutes providing for voluntary annexation of contiguous or noncontiguous territory.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Except as otherwise provided, the bill would become effective when it becomes law.

\*This summary was substantially contributed to by Drupti Chauhan, Committee Counsel.