

SENATE BILL 347: Captive Insurance Amendments.

This Bill Analysis reflects the contents of the bill as it was presented in committee.

2021-2022 General Assembly

Committee: Senate Finance. If favorable, re-refer to Rules **Date:** April 27, 2021

and Operations of the Senate

Introduced by: Sens. Johnson, McInnis, Edwards

Prepared by: Cindy Avrette

Analysis of: First Edition Staff Attorney

OVERVIEW: Senate Bill 347 would make various technical and substantive changes to the laws governing captive insurance companies in the State. Section 5 is the finance provision in the bill. It provides that if a licensed captive insurance company formed and licensed in another jurisdiction redomesticates to North Carolina with the approval of the Commissioner prior to December 31, 2022, it is exempted from gross premium taxes otherwise due for the remainder of the year in which redomestication occurs and for the calendar year following its redomestication. This provision would expire for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024.

AMENDMENT: The amendment would make technical and clarifying changes to the bill. The new Part IX clarifies the inactive status of a captive insurance company. An inactive captive insurance company is not subject to or liable for payment of the gross premium excise tax. The Department of Revenue worked with the Department of Insurance in the drafting of this amendment. This provision would become effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

Under current law, to be inactive, a captive insurance company must have ceased transacting the business of insurance AND have no remaining liabilities associated with policies written or assumed by the company. The amendment would add a requirement that the Commissioner of Insurance must declare the company inactive, and the Commissioner would do so if the company meets the two requirements. The declaration would provide certainty for the Department of Revenue to know whether a company is inactive and thus not subject to tax.

Under current law the Commission may waive or modify any provision under the Captive Insurance part of Chapter 58 if the wavier or modification is justified. The amendment provides that the Commissioner could not waive or modify the conditions for declaring a company inactive unless the captive insurance company has been placed into supervision, receivership or liquidation and the Commissioner determines that payment of the minimum amount of tax required would result in the company's inability to meet its insurance obligations.

CURRENT LAW: Captive insurance companies form and operate in North Carolina under the North Carolina Captive Insurance Act, enacted in 2013.

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BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the bill would require the Commissioner of Insurance to maintain the confidentiality of information filed by a captive insurance company when it seeks approval of a distribution from capital or surplus, a change to its plan of operation, or a loan to an affiliate.

Section 2 would authorize the Commissioner, upon written request, to exempt any captive insurance company from compliance with audit requirements if such compliance would cause it financial or organizational hardship. Under current law only captive insurance companies having less than \$1.2 million in written premium are eligible for this exemption.

Section 3 would authorize the Commissioner to conduct a financial analysis of information obtained from a captive insurance company whenever the Commissioner deems it prudent to do so.

Section 4 would replace the term "board of directors" with the term "governing board," defined as "the board of directors or officials possessing similar authority."

Section 5.(a) would amend G.S. 105-228.4A to:

- Provide that two or more captive insurance companies under common ownership and control will be taxed as separate companies if they are either a protected cell captive insurance company or a special purpose captive insurance companies with a cell or series structure.
- Specify the aggregate amount of tax payable by a special purpose captive insurance company with a cell or series structure with 10 or more cells or series.

Section 5.(b) would provide that if a licensed captive insurance company formed and licensed in another jurisdiction redomesticates to North Carolina with the approval of the Commissioner prior to December 31, 2022, it is exempted from premium taxes otherwise due for the remainder of the year in which redomestication occurs and for the calendar year following its redomestication. This provision would expire for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024.

Section 6 would require captive insurance companies to be managed at all times by a captive manager approved by the Commissioner.

Section 7 would subject a captive insurance company to license suspension or revocation for failing to operate in accordance with its approved plan of operation.

Section 8 would prohibit a captive insurance company from becoming a surety on bail bonds or guaranteeing their performance.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Section 5.(a) of the act would be effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Section 5.(b) of this act would be effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021. The remainder of the act would be effective when it becomes law.