

SENATE BILL 230: Excused Absences for Military Children.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee:		Education/Higher			March 20, 2019
	favorable, re-refer to Rules and Operations of				
	the Senate				
Introduced by:	Sens. D. Davis, Brown, Ballard			Prepared by:	Kara McCraw
Analysis of:	Second Edition				Committee Counsel

OVERVIEW: SB 230 would provide for a minimum of 2 days per academic year for excused absences related to a parent or legal guardian's service in a combat zone.

CURRENT LAW: G.S. 115C-378 requires every parent, guardian, or custodian having charge or control of a child between the ages of seven and 16 to ensure that the child attends school.

G.S. 115C-379 authorizes the State Board of Education to determine what is considered an unlawful absence, and what causes might constitute legitimate excuses for temporary nonattendance, such as a student's physical or mental inability to attend or participation in a valid educational opportunity.

Additionally, a minimum of two excused absences each academic year must be allowed for religious observances required by the faith of a student or the student's parents. Students can be required to give advance notice of absences for religious observances, but the students must be given the opportunity to make up any tests or other work missed.

Article 29B of Chapter 115C, the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children, includes a provision that provides, at the discretion of the local superintendent, a student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, may be granted additional excused absences to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian.

BILL ANALYSIS: SB 230 would add a new category of required excused absences. Students would be allowed a minimum of 2 days per academic year for military leave when the following requirements are met:

- 1. The student's parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services.
- 2. The parent or legal guardian has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting.
- 3. The student is not identified by the local school administrative unit as at risk of academic failure because of unexcused absences.

The student's parent or legal guardian would be required to give written notice of the request for leave a reasonable time prior to the absence, and the student must be given the opportunity to make up tests or missed work due to the absence.

EFFECTIVE DATE: SB 230 would become effective when it becomes law, and would apply beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

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This bill analysis was prepared by the nonpartisan legislative staff for the use of legislators in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.