

SENATE BILL 162: Loan Origination/Late Payment Charge Changes.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee: December 13, 2019

Introduced by: Prepared by: Amy Darden

Analysis of: S.L. 2019-10 Staff Attorney

OVERVIEW: S.L. 2019-10 makes technical and clarifying changes, adjusts the loan origination fee for banks, and adjusts the late payment charge for certain loans.

This act became effective April 1, 2019.

CURRENT LAW and ANALYSIS:

Origination Fee:

Currently, any bank or savings institution can charge an origination fee not to exceed the greater of ¼ of 1% or \$50.00, on loans or extensions of credit under \$300,000 and not secured by real property. The act adjusts the amount of the origination fee allowed by banks or savings institutions as follows:

Principal Amount	Maximum Origination Fee
\$0 to \$1,499.99	\$100.00
\$1,500 to \$19,999.99	\$150.00
\$20,000 to \$29,999.99	\$175.00
\$30,000 to \$49,999.99	\$200.00
\$50,000 to \$99,999.00	\$250.00
\$100,000 - \$300,000	¹ / ₄ of 1% of loan amount

The act also limits the annual percentage rate (APR) to 36% or less, inclusive of origination fees and interest, on loans or extensions of credit given by banks or savings institutions, not secured by real property, if:

- The loan or extension of credit has a principal amount less than \$5,000;
- > The borrower is a natural person; and
- The debt is incurred primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

Late Fee:

Karen Cochrane-Brown Director



Legislative Analysis Division 919-733-2578

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Currently, Chapter 24 limits late fees to 4% of the amount of the payment past due or less. The act allows banks or savings institutions to charge the greater of \$35.00 or 4% of the amount of the payment past due as a late fee on a loan or extension of credit, made by a bank or savings institution, not secured by real property, and where the original principal balance is greater than or equal to \$1,500. The late payment must be at least 30 days past due for a loan where interest is paid in advance or at least 15 days past due on any other loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act became effective April 1, 2019.