



This Bill Analysis reflects the contents of the bill as it was presented in committee.

SENATE BILL 151: Break or Enter Pharmacy/Increase Penalty.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee:	Senate Judiciary. If favorable, re-refer to Rules and Operations of the Senate	Date:	March 12, 2019
Introduced by:	Sens. McInnis, Britt, J. Davis	Prepared by:	Shawn Middlebrooks Staff Attorney
Analysis of:	PCS to First Edition S151-CSBQ-6		

OVERVIEW: *The Proposed Committee Substitute (PCS) to Senate Bill 151 would make it a criminal offense to break or enter into a pharmacy with the intent to commit a felony, to possess or receive a controlled substance stolen from a pharmacy, and authorize the forfeiture of any interest in property that a person acquires or maintains from a violation of this section.*

CURRENT LAW AND ANALYSIS: A person who breaks or enters any building with the intent to commit a felony or larceny, or with the intent to terrorize or injure an occupant of the building, is guilty of a Class H felony (4 to 39 months incarceration). G.S. 14-54.

Receiving or possessing stolen goods while knowing or having reasonable grounds to believe the goods to be stolen in violation of G.S 14-54 is a Class H felony. G.S. 14-72.

All controlled substances, money, raw materials, products, and equipment acquired, used, or intended for use in violating the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act (Art. 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes) shall be subject to forfeiture. Generally, property that is subject to forfeiture may be seized incident to a lawful search or arrest, as a result of a prior judgement for a criminal injunction or forfeiture, or upon process issued by a judge having jurisdiction over the property. Forfeited property is either retained for official use or sold. Proceeds from the sale of forfeited property are deposited with the treasurer or proper officer of the county authorized to receive fines and forfeitures to be used for the county's school fund. G.S. 90-112.

SECTION 1 of the PCS would:

- Make it a Class D felony (38 to 204 months incarceration) to break or enter into a pharmacy with the intent to commit a felony. A Class D felony punishment carries an active term of imprisonment.
- Make it a Class F felony (10 to 59 months incarceration) to receive or possess a controlled substance knowing or having reason to believe the controlled substance to be stolen from a pharmacy.
- Make any interest in property a person acquires or maintains in violation of this section subject to forfeiture under G.S. 90-112.

SECTION 2 of the PCS would clarify that a larceny committed in violation of G.S. 14-54.2(b) is a felony.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This bill would be effective December 1, 2019 and would apply to offenses committee on or after that date.

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