

SENATE BILL 127: Protect Governmental Accountability.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee:	House Judiciary. If favorable, re-refer to Rules,	Date:	June 19, 2019
	Calendar, and Operations of the House		
Introduced by:	Sens. Brown, Daniel, Hise	Prepared by:	Tawanda N. Foster
Analysis of:	Third Edition		Committee Co-Counsel

OVERVIEW: Senate Bill 127 extends whistleblower protection to persons reporting improper government activity to agents and employees of legislative panels designated to conduct inquiries on their behalf, and would require State officers, agents, agencies, and departments to provide information upon request to legislative panels and their agents and employees.

[As introduced, this bill was identical to H225, as introduced by Reps. D. Hall, Davis, Stevens, which is currently in House State and Local Government.]

CURRENT LAW: Article 14 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes expresses the policy of this State that State employees be encouraged to report evidence of the following types of improper activity by a State agency or State employee:

- (1) Violation of a State or federal law, rule or regulation;
- (2) Fraud;
- (3) Misappropriation of State resources;
- (4) Substantial and specific danger to the public health and safety; or
- (5) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of monies, or gross abuse of authority.

G.S. 126-84(a).

Current law also provides "that State employees be free of intimidation or harassment when reporting to public bodies about matters of public concern, including offering testimony to or testifying before appropriate legislative panels." G.S. 126-84(b).

In addition, Article 14 prohibits a head of any State department, agency or institution or other State employee exercising supervisory authority from discharging, threatening or otherwise discriminating against a State employee regarding the employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges of employment because the State employee reports or is about to report an improper government activity as described in the Act. G.S. 126-85.

G.S. 120-19 requires State officers, agents, agencies, and departments to provide all information within their possession, upon request, to any legislator or legislative committee or commission.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 provides that it is the policy of this State that State employees be free of intimidation when providing statements or testimony to agents and employees of legislative panels designated to conduct inquiries on behalf of the legislative panels.

Karen Cochrane-Brown Director



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This bill analysis was prepared by the nonpartisan legislative staff for the use of legislators in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.

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Section 2 extends whistleblower protection to State employees who report improper government activity to a legislative panel or an agent or employee of a legislative panel designated to conduct inquiries on behalf of the legislative panel.

Section 3 requires State officers, agents, agencies and departments to provide all information and data within their possession, or ascertainable from their records, upon request, to any legislative panel or an agent or employee of a legislative panel.

Section 4 requires the head of each State agency, department, or institution to notify its employees of the changes made in this act when it becomes effective.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act is effective when it becomes law.

This summary was substantially contributed to by Bill Patterson and Jessica Sammons, Staff Attorneys.