

HOUSE BILL 363: Craft Beer Distribution and Modernization Act.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee:		Date:	December 12, 2019
Introduced by:		Prepared by:	Chris Saunders
Analysis of:	S.L. 2019-18		Staff Attorney

OVERVIEW: S.L. 2019-18 allows brewery permittees that sell fewer than 100,000 barrels of malt beverages produced by the brewery each year to self-distribute up to 50,000 barrels of malt beverages manufactured by the brewery per year to unaffiliated retail permittees. This act also provides that only breweries that sell fewer than 25,000 barrels of malt beverages produced by the brewery per year may terminate a franchise agreement in the absence of good cause.

This act became effective May 30, 2019.

CURRENT LAW: Under current law, only a brewery permittee that sells fewer than 25,000 barrels of malt beverages per year may obtain a malt beverage wholesaler permit to distribute the malt beverages manufactured by the brewery. A brewery not exceeding the 25,000 barrel limit may also sell the malt beverages manufactured by the brewery, and malt beverages produced under a contract brewing arrangement, at not more than three other locations in the State. Additionally, a brewery permittee that holds a malt beverage wholesaler permit may terminate a franchise agreement with a wholesaler in the absence of good cause after giving written notice and paying the wholesaler fair market value for the distribution rights for the affected brand.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 adds a savings clause to Chapter 18B of the General Statutes (Regulation of Intoxicating Liquors) and expresses the intent of the General Assembly for the Chapter to be construed to limit rather than expand commerce in alcoholic beverages and enhance regulation of malt beverages, unfortified wine, and fortified wine through the three-tier regulatory system.

Section 2 allows a brewery permittee that sells fewer than 100,000 barrels of malt beverages per year to obtain a malt beverage wholesaler permit to sell, deliver, and ship at wholesale up to 50,000 barrels of malt beverages per year to unaffiliated retail permittees. The barrelage limitation applies regardless of the number or type of permits that may be issued to a brewery. Malt beverages manufactured by a supplier permittee that owns five percent or more of a brewer permittee are included in determining whether the brewery permittee complies with the barrelage limitations.

This section also prohibits the Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission from granting an exemption to or otherwise allowing a brewery permittee to have more than three additional retail locations, except as provided in Section 3 of this act.

Section 3 provides that if the Commission enters an exemption in which any brewery or any officer, director, or affiliate of the brewery has a financial interest in the business of any retailer beyond the three

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Legislative Analysis Division 919-733-2578

This bill analysis was prepared by the nonpartisan legislative staff for the use of legislators in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.

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additional retail locations allowed by the brewery permit, the exemption must prohibit the brewery's malt beverages from being sold to or purchased by that retailer.

Section 4 adds seven new purposes for which the General Assembly finds that regulation of business relations between malt beverage manufacturers and importers and malt beverage wholesalers is necessary.

Section 5 provides that only a brewery that sells fewer than 25,000 barrels of malt beverages per year may terminate a franchise agreement with a malt beverage wholesaler in the absence of good cause. Malt beverages manufactured by a supplier permittee that owns five percent or more of a brewer permittee are included in determining whether the brewery permittee complies with the barrelage limitations.

Sections 6 and 7 contain a severability clause and provide that this act does not apply to any exemption order or amendment to an exemption order entered by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission prior to the effective date of this act, or any exemption order or amendment renewed or reissued after the effective date of this act.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act became effective May 30, 2019.