

HOUSE BILL 138: Damage Jail & Prison Fire Sprinkler/Penalty.

2019-2020 General Assembly

Committee:		Date:	January 8, 2020
Introduced by:		Prepared by:	Susan Sitze
Analysis of:	S.L. 2019-134		Staff Attorney

OVERVIEW: S.L. 2019-134 increases the punishment for willfully interfering with, damaging, defacing, molesting, or injuring any part or portion of a fire-alarm, fire-detection, smoke-detection, or fire-extinguishing system in a prison or local confinement facility to a Class H felony.

This act became effective December 1, 2019, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

CURRENT LAW: G.S. 14-286 creates a Class 2 misdemeanor for initiating a false fire alarm, damaging a portable fire extinguisher, or damaging a fire-alarm or fire-extinguishing system. The current statute applies to any alarm or system, no matter where located.

BILL ANALYSIS: This act increases the penalty to a Class H felony for anyone who damages, defaces, molests, or injures any part or portion of a fire-alarm, fire-detection, smoke-detection, or fire-extinguishing system in a prison or local confinement facility. All other violations of the statute remain a Class 2 misdemeanor.

A Class 2 misdemeanor is punishable by an absolute minimum of 1 day community punishment to an absolute maximum of 60 days active, depending on the defendant's prior record level, and a fine of up to \$1,000.

A Class H felony is punishable by an absolute minimum of 4 months community punishment to an absolute maximum of 39 months active, depending on the defendant's prior record level.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act became effective December 1, 2019, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

Karen Cochrane-Brown Director



Legislative Analysis Division 919-733-2578

This bill analysis was prepared by the nonpartisan legislative staff for the use of legislators in their deliberations and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.