GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

H.B. 171 Feb 21, 2025 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH10069-LR-51E

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Short Title:	Equality in State Agencies/Prohibition on DEI. (Public)
Sponsors:	Representative B. Jones.
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT ELI	MINATING DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION (DEI) INITIATIVES IN
	AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND CLARIFYING THE PENALTY
	ONS OF THE STATE BUDGET ACT AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT BUDGET
	CAL CONTROL ACT.
The General A	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
PART I. NO	DEI IN STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT
SI	ECTION 1.1.(a) Article 5 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes is amended by
	section to read:
" <u>§ 126-14.7.</u>	Equality and merit in State government workplaces; no DEI.
<u>(a)</u> No	State agency shall promote, support, fund, implement, or maintain workplace DEI
programs, po	licies, or initiatives, including, but not limited to, using DEI in State government
	mployment; maintaining dedicated DEI staff positions or offices; or offering or
	ersity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) training.
	e following definitions apply in this section:
<u>(1</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	practice, or action that impairs equal access to opportunities or benefits, based
	on a protected characteristic. This definition does not apply to
	antidiscrimination measures, reasonable accommodations, legal requirements.
(2	or bona fide occupational qualifications.
<u>(2</u>	
	initiative, or activity designed or implemented to:
	a. <u>Influence hiring or employment practices with respect to race, sex color, ethnicity, nationality, country of origin, or sexual orientation</u>
	other than through the use of merit-based hiring processes in
	accordance with any applicable State and federal antidiscrimination
	laws.
	b. Promote differential treatment of or providing special benefits to
	individuals on the basis of race, sex, color, ethnicity, nationality.
	country of origin, or sexual orientation.
<u>(3</u>	
<u>(5</u>	antidiscrimination laws.
(c) No	othing in this section shall be construed to conflict with, restrict, limit, or infringe
	protected by the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.



- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to conflict with or prohibit compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended; the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended; Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; or other applicable State or federal law.
- (e) The State Auditor shall conduct periodic compliance audits to determine whether there has been a violation of this section. If the State Auditor determines that a violation of this section has occurred, the determination shall be reported to the General Assembly and the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations.
- (f) A State officer or employee who violates this section is subject to removal from office or employment.
- (g) It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully violate this section.
- (h) An employee of a State agency may bring a civil action for damages to the employee resulting from violation of this section. The civil action may be brought in the county where the employee resides or in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred.
- (i) Any person may bring a civil action for a violation of this section seeking injunctive or declaratory relief and the recovery of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. The action may be brought in the county in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred.
- (j) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application."

SECTION 1.1.(b) G.S. 126-5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(c22) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, G.S. 126-14.7 shall apply to all (i) nonexempt State employees in the executive branch, including nonexempt employees of The University of North Carolina and nonexempt employees of the Community Colleges System Office, and (ii) community college employees."

SECTION 1.2. Article 10 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143-162.8. No public funds for DEI.

- (a) No State agency, unit of local government, or non-State entity may use any State funds or public monies to promote, support, fund, implement, or maintain diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) initiatives or programs.
- (b) No State agency, unit of local government, or non-State entity shall apply for, accept, or utilize federal funds, grants, or other financial assistance that require compliance with DEI policies, initiatives, or mandates. Any existing programs funded through such means shall be discontinued unless continued participation is expressly required by federal law.
 - (c) The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) Diversity, equity, and inclusion or DEI. A program, policy, initiative, or activity designed or implemented to:
 - a. Influence State government practices with respect to race, sex, color, ethnicity, nationality, country of origin, or sexual orientation other than for compliance with applicable State and federal antidiscrimination laws.
 - b. Promote (i) differential treatment of or providing special benefits to individuals on the basis of race, sex, color, ethnicity, nationality, country of origin, or sexual orientation; or (ii) a difference in policy, practice, or action that impairs equal access to opportunities or benefits, based on a protected characteristic. This definition does not apply to antidiscrimination measures, reasonable accommodations,

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1		legal requirements, bona fide occupational qualifications, or any trait
2		protected by State or federal antidiscrimination laws.
3	<u>(2)</u>	Non-State entity. – As defined in G.S. 143C-1-1.
4	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Public monies. – Funds from any source budgeted or expended by a local</u>
5		political subdivision of the State, including, but not limited to, revenue
6		authorized by G.S. 153A-149 or G.S. 160A-209.
7	<u>(4)</u>	State agency. – A unit of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of State
8		government, such as a department, institution, division, commission, board,
9		council, community college, or The University of North Carolina system.
10	<u>(5)</u>	State funds. – As defined in G.S. 143C-1-1. The term includes any monies
11		received or held by a constituent institution of The University of North
12		Carolina, including endowment funds as defined in G.S. 116-36 and
13		institutional trust funds as defined in G.S. 116-36.1.
14	(<u>6)</u>	Unit of local government. – As defined in G.S. 143C-1-1.
15		prohibitions contained in subsections (a) and (b) of this section include, but are
16		sing State funds or public monies to do any of the following:
17 18	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Utilize DEI in hirings, employment, admissions, or the awarding of contracts.
18 19	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Offer or require DEI training. Maintain DEI offices or dedicated staff positions, whether permanent,
20	<u>(3)</u>	time-limited, full-time, part-time, or temporary.
21	(e) Noth	ing in this section shall be construed to conflict with, restrict, limit, or infringe
22		tected by the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.
23		ing in this section shall be construed to conflict with or prohibit compliance with
24		Education Amendments of 1972, as amended; the Americans with Disabilities
25		t; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended; Title VI of the Civil
26		264; or other applicable State or federal law.
		* *
27	(g) This	section shall not be construed to apply to any of the following:
27 28		section shall not be construed to apply to any of the following: Academic course instruction.
27 28 29	(g) This (1) (2)	Academic course instruction.
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28 29	<u>(1)</u>	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's
28 29 30	<u>(1)</u>	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that
28 29 30 31	(<u>1</u>) (<u>2</u>)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(<u>1</u>) (<u>2</u>)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(1) (2) (3)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(1) (2) (3) (4)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and
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28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex.
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28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex. d. Fraternities and sororities restricted to members of one sex. e. Having single-sex housing options for students.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex. d. Fraternities and sororities restricted to members of one sex.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (h) It is section.	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex. d. Fraternities and sororities restricted to members of one sex. e. Having single-sex housing options for students. a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully violate this
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) It is section. (i) A vio	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex. d. Fraternities and sororities restricted to members of one sex. e. Having single-sex housing options for students. a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully violate this
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (i) A vice of Chapter 1430	Academic course instruction. Scholarly research or a creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of that research or work. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education. Guest speakers or performers on short-term engagements. A policy, practice, procedure, program, or activity to enhance student academic achievement or postgraduate outcomes that is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, or ethnicity. Data collection. Bona fide qualifications based on sex which are reasonably necessary to the normal operation of public higher education, including, but not limited to: a. Sports teams organized by sex. b. Single-sex bathrooms and locker rooms. c. Requiring a maintenance employee assigned to a single-sex locker room to be a member of that respective sex. d. Fraternities and sororities restricted to members of one sex. e. Having single-sex housing options for students. a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully violate this

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- government, and non-State entity shall prepare and publicly post on its website, as well as submit to the Office of the State Auditor, a report detailing the actions taken to comply with this section. The report must include each instance where a program or policy was revised or prohibited due to a conflict with this section. The State Auditor shall compile this information and submit a consolidated report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the General Assembly by April 1, 2026, and then annually thereafter.
- (k) The State Auditor shall conduct periodic compliance audits to determine whether there has been a violation of this section. If the State Auditor determines that a violation of this section has occurred, the determination shall be referred for prosecution by the district attorney of the county where all or a substantial part of the alleged violation occurred and reported to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations or the Local Government Commission, as appropriate.
- (*l*) Any person may bring a civil action for a violation of this section seeking injunctive or declaratory relief and the recovery of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. The civil action shall be brought in the county in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred.
- (m) An employee of a State agency, unit of local government, or non-State entity may bring a civil action for damages to the employee resulting from a violation of this section. The civil action may be brought in the county where the employee resides or in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred.
- (n) The liability and penalty provisions contained in this section for violating its provisions are in addition to, and not in lieu of, liability under any other applicable provision of law or cause of action in consequence of the violation.
- (o) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application."

SECTION 1.3.(a) Article 10 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Article 10.

"Penalties.

"§ 143C-10-1. Offenses for violation of Chapter.

(a) Class 1 misdemeanor. – It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully do any one or more of the following:

• • •

- (5) Violate G.S. 143-162.8 regarding use of State funds.
- (b) Class A1 misdemeanor. It is a Class A1 misdemeanor for a person to make a false statement in violation of G.S. 143C-6-23(c).
- (c) Forfeiture of Office or Employment. An appointed officer or employee of the State or an officer or employee of a political subdivision of the State, whether elected or appointed, forfeits his <u>or her</u> office or employment upon conviction of an offense under this section. An elected officer of the State is subject to impeachment for committing any of the offenses specified in this section.

"§ 143C-10-2. Civil liability for violation of Chapter.

- (a) A person convicted of an offense under who violates G.S. 143C-10-1 is liable in a civil action for any damages suffered by the State in consequence of the offense. A State agency or non-State entity receiving public funds shall have a duty to pursue the recoupment of misspent funds by all lawful means available, including the filing of a civil action in the General Court of Justice.
- (b) Any person may bring a civil action for a violation of this section seeking injunctive or declaratory relief and the recovery of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. The civil action

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44 45 shall be brought in the county in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred.

"§ 143C-10-3. Suspension from office or impeachment for refusal to comply with Chapter.

- State Officers or Employees of the Executive Branch. The Governor may suspend from the performance of his or her duties any State officer or employee of the executive branch except an officer elected by the people, who persists, after notice and warning, in failing or refusing to comply with the provisions of this Chapter or any lawful administrative directive issued pursuant to this Chapter. Before acting to suspend, the Governor shall give the accused notice and an opportunity to be heard in his or her own defense. The Governor shall report the facts leading to suspension to the district attorney for the county in which all or a substantial part of the violation occurred and to the Attorney General who may initiate appropriate criminal or civil proceedings. The Governor may apply to the General Court of Justice for a restraining order and injunction if a suspended officer or employee persists in performing official acts.
- Elected Officers. A State officer elected by the people who knowingly and willfully fails or refuses to comply with any provision of this Chapter or any lawful administrative directive issued under this Chapter is subject to impeachment."

SECTION 1.3.(b) G.S. 159-182 reads as rewritten:

"§ 159-182. Offending officers and employees removed from office.

- If an officer or employee of a local government or public authority persists, after notice and warning from the Commission, in failing or refusing to comply with any provision of this Chapter, he-the officer or employee forfeits his-the office or employment. The Commission may enter an order suspending the offender from further performance of his or her office or employment after first giving him or her notice and an opportunity to be heard in his or her own defense, pending the outcome of quo warranto proceedings. Upon suspending a local officer or employee under this section, the Commission shall report the circumstances to the Attorney General who shall initiate quo warranto proceedings against the officer or employee in the General Court of Justice. Justice and to the district attorney for the county in which all or a substantial part of the noncompliance occurred. If an officer or employee persists in performing any official act in violation of an order of the Commission suspending him or her from performance of his or her duties, the Commission may apply to the General Court of Justice for a restraining order and injunction.
- Any person may bring a civil action for a violation of this section seeking injunctive or declaratory relief and the recovery of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. The civil action shall be brought in the county in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the action occurred."

SECTION 1.3.(c) Article 11 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 159-183. Violation of G.S. 143-162.8.

- It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to knowingly and willfully violate (a) G.S. 143-162.8 regarding the use of public monies. An offending officer or employee is subject to removal from office or employment as provided by G.S. 159-182.
- A person who violates G.S. 143-162.8 is liable for any damages suffered by a unit of (b) local government in consequence of the offense. A unit of local government or entity receiving public funds shall have a duty to pursue the recoupment of misspent funds by all lawful means available, including the filing of a civil action in the General Court of Justice."

PART II. EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 2.1. This act is effective when it becomes law, and the penalty provisions enacted in Part I of this act apply to acts or omissions occurring on or after that date.

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