## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025**

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#### **HOUSE BILL 674** PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H674-PCS10477-SA-21

The Firearms Liberty Act. Short Title:

Sponsors:

Referred to:

#### April 3, 2025

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO A	ALLOW THE ISSUANCE OF LIFETIME CONCEALED HANDGUN
3	PERMITS, TO	O PROVIDE THAT A CONCEALED CARRY PERMITTEE WHO ALLOWS
4	THE PERMI	T TO LAPSE DOES NOT HAVE TO TAKE ANOTHER FIREARMS
5	SAFETY AN	ID TRAINING COURSE UPON APPLYING FOR RENEWAL UNDER
6	CERTAIN C	ONDITIONS, TO PROTECT THE PROPERTY RIGHTS OF PERSONS
7	SUBJECT T	O A DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER BY ALLOWING
8	THEM TO ST	FORE THEIR FIREARMS WITH OR SELL THEIR FIREARMS THROUGH
9	A QUALIFI	ED LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER, TO PROVIDE LIABILITY
10	PROTECTIO	N FOR A FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSEE THAT ENTERS INTO A
11	SAFETY HO	DLD AGREEMENT, TO AUTHORIZE THE STORAGE AND USE OF
12	DEFENSIVE	DEVICES IN BIOMETRIC SAFES FOR SCHOOLS, AND TO BROADEN
13	DOOR LOCK	X EXEMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN BUSINESSES.
14	The General Asse	embly of North Carolina enacts:
15		
16	PART I. TITLE	
17	SECT	<b>ION 1.1.</b> This act shall be known as "The Firearms Liberty Act."
18		
19		TIME CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMITS
20		<b>ION 2.1.</b> G.S. 14-415.10 reads as rewritten:
21	"§ 14-415.10. De	
22	-	g definitions apply to this Article:
23	(1)	Carry a concealed handgun The term includes possession of a concealed
24		handgun.
25	(1a)	Deployed or deployment Any military duty that removes a military
26		permittee from the permittee's county of residence during which time the
27		permittee's permit expires or will expire.
28	<u>(1b)</u>	Fixed duration permit A concealed handgun permit issued in accordance
29		with the provisions of this Article and with a stated expiration date.
30	(2)	Handgun A firearm that has a short stock and is designed to be held and
31		fired by the use of a single hand.
32	<u>(2a)</u>	Lifetime permit A concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with the
33		
		provisions of this Article with no expiration date.
33 34 35	<del>(2a)<u>(</u>2</del>	



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(Public)

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1	Armed Forces of the United States, the North Carolina Army National Guard,
2	or the North Carolina Air National Guard.
3	(3) Permit. – A <del>concealed handgun permit <u>fixed duration permit or lifetime permit</u></del>
4 5	issued in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
6	SECTION 2.2. G.S. 14-415.11 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 14-415.11. Permit to carry concealed handgun; scope of permit.
8	(a) Any person who has a <del>concealed handgun</del> permit <u>to carry a concealed handgun</u> may
9	carry a concealed handgun unless otherwise specifically prohibited by law. The person shall carry
0	the permit together with valid identification whenever the person is carrying a concealed
1	handgun, shall disclose to any law enforcement officer that the person holds a valid permit and
2	is carrying a concealed handgun when approached or addressed by the officer, and shall display
3	both the permit and the proper identification upon the request of a law enforcement officer. In
4	addition to these requirements, a military permittee with a fixed duration permit whose permit
5	has expired during deployment may carry a concealed handgun during the 90 days following the
6	end of deployment and before the permit is renewed provided the permittee also displays proof
7	of deployment to any law enforcement officer.
8	(b) The sheriff shall issue a permit to carry a concealed handgun to a person who qualifies
9	for a permit under G.S. 14-415.12. The <u>A fixed duration</u> permit shall be valid throughout the
20	State for a period of five years from the date of issuance. A lifetime permit shall be valid
21	throughout the State until revoked or surrendered.
22	
23	(d) A person who is issued a permit shall notify the sheriff who issued the permit of the
24	<u>county where the person resides of any change in the person's permanent address within 30 days</u>
25	after the change of address. If a permit is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the permit was
26	issued shall notify the sheriff who issued the permit of the loss or destruction of the permit. A
27 28	person may obtain a duplicate permit by submitting to the sheriff a notarized statement that the permit was lost or destroyed and paying the required duplicate permit fee."
28 29	SECTION 2.3. G.S. 14-415.14(a) reads as rewritten:
30	"(a) The sheriff shall make permit applications readily available at the office of the sheriff
31	or at other public offices in the sheriff's jurisdiction. The permit application shall be in triplicate,
32	in a form to be prescribed by the State Bureau of Investigation, and shall include the following
33	information with regard to the applicant: name, address, physical description, signature, date of
34	birth, social security number, military status, law enforcement status, and the drivers license
35	number or State identification card number of the applicant if used for identification in applying
6	for the permit. The application shall also indicate if the application is for a fixed duration permit
37	or a lifetime permit."
88	SECTION 2.4. G.S. 14-415.15 reads as rewritten:
39	"§ 14-415.15. Issuance or denial of permit.
10	(a) Except as permitted under subsection (b) of this section, within 45 days after receipt
11	of the items listed in G.S. 14-415.13 from an applicant, and receipt of the required records
12	concerning the mental health or capacity of the applicant, the sheriff shall either issue or deny
13	the permit. The sheriff may conduct any investigation necessary to determine the qualification or
14	competency of the person applying for the permit, including record checks. The sheriff shall
15	make the request for any records concerning the mental health or capacity of the applicant within
6	10 days of receipt of the items listed in G.S. 14-415.13. No person, company, mental health
17	provider, or governmental entity may charge additional fees to the applicant for background
18	checks conducted under this subsection. A permit shall not be denied unless the applicant is determined to be incligible purguent to $C = 14,415,12$
19 50	determined to be ineligible pursuant to G.S. 14-415.12. (b) Upon presentment to the sheriff of the items required under G.S. 14.415.13 (a)(1)
50 51	(b) Upon presentment to the sheriff of the items required under G.S. 14-415.13 (a)(1), (2), and (3), the sheriff may issue a temporary permit for a period not to exceed 45 days to a
1	(2), and $(3)$ , the sherini may issue a temporary permit for a period not to exceed 43 days to a

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person who the sheriff reasonably believes is in an emergency situation that may constitute a risk of safety to the person, the person's family or property. The applicant may submit proof of a protective order issued under G.S. 50B-3 for the protection of the applicant as evidence of an emergency situation. The temporary permit may not be renewed and may be revoked by the sheriff without a hearing.

6 (c) A person's application for a permit shall be denied only if the applicant fails to qualify 7 under the criteria listed in this Article. If the sheriff denies the application for a permit, the sheriff 8 shall, within 45 days, notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial. An applicant 9 may appeal the denial, revocation, denial of a permit or the nonrenewal of a fixed duration permit 10 by petitioning a district court judge of the district in which the application was filed. The 11 determination by the court, on appeal, shall be upon the facts, the law, and the reasonableness of 12 the sheriff's refusal. The determination by the court shall be final.final for the purpose of appeal."

13 SECTION 2.5. G.S. 14-415.16, as amended by Section 3.1 of this act, reads as 14 rewritten:

## "§ 14-415.16. Renewal of fixed duration permit.

16 (a) At least 45 days prior to the expiration date of a <u>fixed duration</u> permit, the sheriff of 17 the county where the permit was issued shall send a written notice to the permittee explaining 18 that the permit is about to expire and including information about the requirements for renewal 19 of the permit. The notice shall be sent by first class mail to the last known address of the 20 permittee. Failure to receive a renewal notice shall not relieve a permittee of requirements 21 imposed in this section for renewal of the permit.

(b) The holder of a <u>fixed duration</u> permit shall apply to renew the permit within the 90-day period prior to its expiration date by filing with the sheriff of the county in which the person resides a renewal form provided by the sheriff's office, an affidavit stating that the permittee remains qualified under the criteria provided in this Article, a newly administered full set of the permittee's fingerprints, and a renewal fee. <u>The renewal form shall indicate whether the</u> <u>holder of the permit would like the renewal to be issued as a fixed duration permit or a lifetime</u> permit.

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(e) If the permittee does not apply to renew the <u>fixed duration permit prior</u> to its
expiration date, but does apply to renew the permit less than 180 days after the permit expires,
the sheriff shall waive the requirement of taking another firearms safety and training course. If
the permittee applies to renew the permit between 180 days and one year after the permit expires,
the sheriff may waive the requirement of taking another firearms and safety training course. This
subsection does not extend the expiration date of the <u>fixed duration permit</u>.

36 (f) <u>An applicant may appeal the nonrenewal of a fixed duration permit as provided in</u>
 37 <u>G.S. 14-415.15(c).</u>"

SECTION 2.6. G.S. 14-415.16A reads as rewritten:

# 39 "§ 14-415.16A. Permit extensions and renewals <u>of fixed duration permits</u> for deployed 40 military permittees.

41 (a) A deployed military permittee whose <u>fixed duration permit will expire during the</u> 42 permittee's deployment, or the permittee's agent, may apply to the sheriff for an extension of the 43 military permittee's permit by providing the sheriff with a copy of the permittee's proof of 44 deployment. Upon receipt of the proof, the sheriff shall extend the <u>fixed duration permit</u> for a 45 period to end 90 days after the permittee's deployment is scheduled to end. A <u>fixed duration</u> 46 permit that has been extended under this section shall be valid throughout the State during the 47 period of its extension.

(b) A military permittee's <u>fixed duration permit that is not extended under subsection (a)</u>
of this section and that expires during deployment shall remain valid during the deployment and
for 90 days after the end of the deployment as if the permit had not expired. The military permittee

1	may carry a concealed handgun during this period provided the permittee meets all the
2	requirements of G.S. 14-415.11(a).
3	(c) A military permittee under subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this section shall have
4	90 days after the end of the permittee's deployment to renew the <u>fixed duration</u> permit. In addition
5	to the requirements of G.S. 14-415.16, the permittee shall provide to the sheriff proof of
6	deployment. The sheriff shall renew the permit upon receipt of this documentation provided the
7	permittee otherwise remains qualified to hold a concealed handgun permit."
8	SECTION 2.7. Article 54B of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by
9	adding a new section to read:
10	" <u>§ 14-415.16B. Reissuance of a lifetime permit as a fixed duration permit.</u>
11	The holder of a lifetime permit may apply at any time to have the lifetime permit reissued as
12	a fixed duration permit. An application for reissuance shall be submitted by the permittee and
13	considered by the sheriff in the same manner as an application for renewal of a fixed duration
14	permit pursuant to the applicable provisions of G.S. 14-415.16."
15 16	<b>SECTION 2.8.</b> G.S. 14-415.17 reads as rewritten: "§ 14-415.17. Permit; sheriff to retain a list of permittees; confidentiality of list and permit
10	application information; availability to law enforcement agencies.
18	(a) The permit shall be in a certificate form, as prescribed by the State Bureau of
19	Investigation, that is approximately the size of a North Carolina drivers license. It shall bear the
20	signature, name, address, date of birth, and the drivers license identification number used in
21	applying for the permit. <u>A lifetime permit shall bear a clear indication of its lifetime duration on</u>
22	its face. A fixed duration permit shall bear the expiration date of the permit on its face.
23	(b) The sheriff shall maintain a listing, including the identifying information, of those
24	persons who are issued a permit permit and whether the permit issued is a fixed duration permit
25	or a lifetime permit. Within five days of the date a permit is issued, the sheriff shall send a copy
26	of the permit to the State Bureau of Investigation.
27	(c) Except as provided otherwise by this subsection, the list of permit holders and the
28	information collected by the sheriff to process an application for a permit are confidential and
29	are not a public record under G.S. 132-1. The sheriff shall make the list of permit holders and the
30	permit information available upon request to all State and local law enforcement agencies. The
31	State Bureau of Investigation shall make the list of permit holders and the information collected
32	by the sheriff to process an application for a permit available to law enforcement officers and
33	clerks of court on a statewide system.
34	(d) A sheriff shall provide any change of permanent address received pursuant to
35	G.S. 14-415.11(d) to the State Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the statewide system
36	required by subsection (c) of this section."
37	SECTION 2.9. G.S. 14-415.18(a) reads as rewritten:
38	"(a) The sheriff of the county where the permit was issued or the sheriff of the county
39	where the person resides may revoke a permit subsequent to a hearing for any of the following
40	reasons:
41	(1) Fraud or intentional and material misrepresentation in the obtaining of a
42	permit.
43	(2) Misuse of a permit, including lending or giving a permit or a duplicate permit
44	to another person, materially altering a permit, or using a permit with the intent
45	to unlawfully cause harm to a person or property. It shall not be considered
46	misuse of a permit to provide a duplicate of the permit to a <u>vender vendor</u> for
47 48	record-keeping purposes.
48 49	(3) The doing of an act or existence of a condition which would have been grounds for the denial of the permit by the sheriff.
49 50	<ul><li>(4) The violation of any of the terms of this Article.</li></ul>
50 51	<ul> <li>(4) The violation of any of the terms of this Article.</li> <li>(5) Repealed by Session Laws 2013-369, s. 20, effective October 1, 2013.</li> </ul>
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1	(6) The person is no longer a resident of the State.
2	A permittee may appeal the revocation, or nonrenewal revocation of a permit by petitioning
3	a district court judge of the district in which the applicant resides. The determination by the court,
4	on appeal, shall be upon the facts, the law, and the reasonableness of the sheriff's refusal. The
5	determination by the court shall be final for the purpose of appeal."
6	SECTION 2.10. G.S. 14-415.19 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 14-415.19. Fees.
8	(a) The permit fees assessed under this Article are payable to the sheriff. The sheriff shall
9	transmit the proceeds of these fees to the county finance officer to be remitted or credited by the
10	county finance officer in accordance with the provisions of this section. Except as otherwise
11	provided by this section, the permit fees are as follows:
12	
13	Application fee\$80.00
14	Renewal or reissuance fee\$75.00
15	Duplicate permit fee\$15.00
16	
17	The county finance officer shall remit forty-five dollars (\$45.00) of each new application fee
18	and forty dollars (\$40.00) of each renewal or reissuance fee assessed under this subsection to the
19	North Carolina Department of Public Safety for the costs of State and federal criminal record
20	checks performed in connection with processing applications and for the implementation of the
21	provisions of this Article. The remaining thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) of each application or
22	renewal-application, renewal, or reissuance fee shall be used by the sheriff to pay the costs of
23	administering this Article and for other law enforcement purposes. The county shall expend the
24	restricted funds for these purposes only.
25	(a1) The permit fees for a retired sworn law enforcement officer who provides the
26	information required by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection to the sheriff, in addition to
27	any other information required under this Article, are as follows:
28	
29	Application fee\$45.00
30	Renewal or reissuance fee\$40.00
31	
32	(1) A copy of the officer's letter of retirement from either the North Carolina
33	Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the North Carolina
34	Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System.
35	(2) Written documentation from the head of the agency where the person was
36	previously employed indicating that the person was neither involuntarily
37	terminated nor under administrative or criminal investigation within six
38	months of retirement.
39	The county finance officer shall remit the proceeds of the fees assessed under this subsection
40	to the North Carolina Department of Public Safety to cover the cost of performing the State and
41	federal criminal record checks performed in connection with processing applications and for the
42	implementation of the provisions of this Article.
43	(b) An additional fee, not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00), shall be collected by the sheriff
44	from an applicant for a permit to pay for the costs of processing the applicant's fingerprints, if
45	fingerprints were required to be taken. This fee shall be retained by the sheriff."
46	<b>SECTION 2.11.</b> G.S. 14-269(a1) reads as rewritten:
47	"(a1) It shall be unlawful for any person willfully and intentionally to willfully and
48	intentionally carry any pistol or gun concealed about his or her person any pistol or gun except
49 50	in the following circumstances:
50	(1) The person is on the person's own premises.

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1 2 3 4 5	(2)	The deadly weapon is a handgun, the person has a concer- issued in accordance with Article 54B of this Chapter under G.S. 14-415.24, and the person is carrying the co- accordance with the scope of the concealed handgun p G.S. 14-415.11(c).	or considered valid incealed handgun in
6 7 8	(3)	The deadly weapon is a handgun and the person is a n defined under G.S. 14-415.10(2a) G.S. 14-415.10(2b) wh enforcement officer proof of deployment as	
9		G.S. 14-415.11(a)."	required under
0	SEC	<b>FION 2.12.</b> This Part becomes effective December 1, 202	5, and applies to all
1 2	•	r renewed on or after that date.	
3		ISE LAW ON LAPSE OF CONCEALED CARRY PER	RMIT
4		<b>FION 3.1.</b> G.S. 14-415.16(e) reads as rewritten:	
5		permittee does not apply to renew the permit prior to its	
5		new the permit within 60-less than 180 days after the permi	
7	•	the requirement of taking another firearms safety and tra	
3		s to renew the permit between 180 days and one year after	
)		vaive the requirement of taking another firearms and safety	training course. This
)		not extend the expiration date of the permit."	1 1 1
		<b>TION 3.2.</b> This Part becomes effective October 1, 2025, an	d applies to renewal
2	applications subi	mitted on or after that date.	
3		PERTY PROTECTION ACT/DVPO	
1 5		<b>FION 4.1.</b> G.S. 50B-3.1 reads as rewritten:	
5 6		render and disposal of firearms; violations; exemptions	
, 7		ired Surrender of Firearms. – Upon issuance of an emerger	
3		Chapter, the court shall order the defendant to surrender to the	
)		nmunition, permits to purchase firearms, and permits to carry	
)		re, custody, possession, ownership, or control of the defend	
ĺ	any of the follow		
2	(1)	The use or threatened use of a deadly weapon by the defe	ndant or a pattern of
3		prior conduct involving the use or threatened use of vio	-
ŀ		against persons.	
5	(2)	Threats to seriously injure or kill the aggrieved party or	minor child by the
5		defendant.	
7	(3)	Threats to commit suicide by the defendant.	
3	(4)	Serious injuries inflicted upon the aggrieved party or	minor child by the
9		defendant.	
)	•••		
l		nder. – Upon service of the order, the defendant shall imme	•
2	-	ssion of all firearms, machine guns, ammunition, permits t	-
3	-	arry concealed firearms that are in the care, custody, posse	-
1		fendant. In the event that weapons cannot be surrendered at	
5		dant shall surrender the firearms, ammunitions, and permits	
5		ce at a time and place specified by the sheriff. The sheriff sh	an store the firearms
7 8	(1)	a licensed firearms dealer to provide storage. If the court orders the defendant to surrender firearm	e ammunition and
o 9	(1)	permits, the court shall inform the plaintiff and the defen	
)		the protective order and include these terms on the face of	
1		that the defendant is prohibited from possessing, purchas	-

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1	attempting to possess, purchase, or receive a firearm	for so long as the
2	protective order or any successive protective order is in	
3	the order shall include instructions as to how the def	• 1
4	retrieval of any firearms, ammunition, and permits surre	
5	when the protective order is no longer in effect. The terr	ns shall also include
6	notice of the penalty for violation of G.S. 14-269.8.	
7	(2) The sheriff may charge the defendant a reasonable fee for	
8	firearms and ammunition taken pursuant to a protective	
9 10	payable to the sheriff. The sheriff shall transmit the proc	
10	the county finance officer. The fees shall be used by the sh of administering this section and for other law enforce	
12	county shall expend the restricted funds for these purpos	
13	shall not release firearms, ammunition, or permits wi	-
14	granting the release. The defendant must remit all fee	
15	authorized return of any firearms, ammunition, or perm	
16	not incur any civil or criminal liability for alleged damage	
17	to storage or transportation of any firearms or ammunit	
18	this section.	1
19	(d1) <u>Transfer to Licensed Firearms Dealer. – After the defendant surr</u>	enders possession of
20	all firearms, machine guns, ammunition, and permits to the sheriff pursuant	to subsection (d) of
21	this section, the defendant may enter into an agreement with a qualified lice	
22	to take possession of the surrendered items from the custody of the sheriff i	
23	the owner of the items and (ii) the items have been in the custody of the she	•
24	The defendant shall authorize the qualified licensed firearms dealer to subm	
25	for in this subsection requesting the transfer of the firearms, machine guns	
26 27	the sheriff currently storing the items. The qualified licensed firearms dea	-
28	completed form and a copy of the dealer's valid federal firearms license to t have 24 hours to facilitate the transfer of the firearms, machine guns, and	
28 29	dealer. Any funds received from the sale of a firearm, machine guns, and	
30	defendant pursuant to this subsection are the property of the defendant. The	-
31	to purchase firearms and permits to carry concealed firearms shall remain in	
32	of the sheriff as provided in subsection (d) of this section.	· · · ·
33	At the time a qualified licensed firearms dealer takes possession of th	e firearms, machine
34	guns, and ammunition, the dealer shall provide a copy of the record requin	
35	under federal law upon the receipt or disposition of the firearm, machine gu	
36	both the sheriff and the owner of the firearms, machine guns, and ammuniti	
37	A qualified licensed firearms dealer that accepts firearms, machine gu	
38	pursuant to this subsection shall not (i) release the firearms, machine guns, o	
39 40	defendant unless the motion for a protective order is dismissed or any or expired or (ii) transfer possession of the firearms, machine guns, or ammu	
+0 41	the dealer knows or reasonably should know will allow the defendant to ex	
42	possession, ownership, or control of the firearms, machine guns, or an	
43	violation of this prohibition is a Class 2 misdemeanor.	<u>initialition, and any</u>
44	<u>The Administrative Office of the Courts shall create a form for use in the Courts shall create a for use in the C</u>	ransferring firearms.
45	machine guns, and ammunition from the custody of the sheriff to a qualifi	-
46	dealer pursuant to this subsection. The form shall require the notarized signature	
47	defendant and the qualified licensed firearms dealer and shall allow for either	er the storage or sale
48	of the firearms, machine guns, and ammunition by the qualified licensed	
49	form shall also include information concerning the defendant's rights to rece	over the surrendered
50	firearms, machine guns, or ammunition.	

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1	The sheriff shall not charge a fee for the first 15 days of storage for any items transferred to
2	a qualified licensed firearms dealer pursuant to this subsection.
3	(e) Retrieval. – If the court does not enter a protective order when the ex parte or
4	emergency order expires, the defendant may retrieve any weapons surrendered to the sheriff or
5	the qualified licensed firearms dealer unless the court finds that the defendant is precluded from
6	owning or possessing a firearm pursuant to State or federal law or final disposition of any pending
7	criminal charges committed against the person that is the subject of the current protective order.
8	(f) <u>Motion Request for Return.</u> – The defendant may request the return of any firearms,
9	ammunition, or permits surrendered by filing a motion with the court submitting a written request
10	with the sheriff or the qualified licensed firearms dealer who has control of the firearms,
11	ammunition, or permits at the expiration of the current order or final disposition of any pending
12	criminal charges committed against the person that is the subject of the current protective order
13	and not later than <del>90 days <u>30 days</u> after the expiration of the current order or final disposition of</del>
14	any pending criminal charges committed against the person that is the subject of the current
15	protective order. Upon receipt of the motion, request, the sheriff or the qualified licensed firearms
16	dealer shall conduct a check through the National Instant Criminal Background Check System
17	(NICS). If the results of the NICS check provide grounds that preclude the defendant from
18	owning or possessing a firearm under State or federal law, the sheriff or the qualified licensed
19	firearms dealer shall file a motion with the court on a form created by the Administrative Office
20	of the Courts requesting the court make a determination whether the defendant is precluded from
21	owning or possessing a firearm and shall not return the firearms, ammunition, or permits until
22	the court has ruled on the motion. Upon receipt of the motion, the court shall schedule a hearing
23	and provide written notice to the plaintiff who shall have the right to appear and be heard and to
24	the sheriff or the qualified licensed firearms dealer who has control of the firearms, ammunition,
25	or permits. The court shall determine whether the defendant is subject to any State or federal law
26	or court order that precludes the defendant from owning or possessing a firearm. The inquiry
27	shall include:
28	(1) Whether the protective order has been renewed.
29	(2) Whether the defendant is subject to any other protective orders.
30	(3) Whether the defendant is disqualified from owning or possessing a firearm
31	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922 or any State law.
32	(4) Whether the defendant has any pending criminal charges, in either State or
33	federal court, committed against the person that is the subject of the current
34	protective order.
35	The court shall deny the return of firearms, ammunition, or permits if the court finds that the
36	defendant is precluded from owning or possessing a firearm pursuant to State or federal law or
37	if the defendant has any pending criminal charges, in either State or federal court, committed
38	against the person that is the subject of the current protective order until the final disposition of
39	those charges.
40	(g) Motion for Return by Third-Party Owner A third-party owner of firearms,
41	ammunition, or permits who is otherwise eligible to possess such items may file a motion
42	requesting the return to said third party of any such items in the possession of the sheriff or the
43	qualified licensed firearms dealer seized as a result of the entry of a domestic violence protective
44	order. The motion must be filed not later than 30 days after the seizure of the items by the sheriff.
45	Upon receipt of the third party's motion, the court shall schedule a hearing and provide written
46	notice to all parties and the sheriff. sheriff or the qualified licensed firearms dealer. The court
47	shall order return of the items to the third party unless the court determines that the third party is
48	disqualified from owning or possessing said items pursuant to State or federal law. If the court
49	denies the return of said items to the third party, the items shall be disposed of by the sheriff or
50	the qualified licensed firearms dealer as provided in subsection (h) of this section.

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1	(h)	Dispos	sal of Firearms. – If the defendant does not file a motion requesting submit a
2		-	<u>r</u> the return of any firearms, ammunition, or permits surrendered within the time
3			by this section, if the court determines that the defendant is precluded from
4			ion of any firearms, ammunition, or permits surrendered, or if the defendant or
5			fails to remit all fees owed for the storage of the firearms or ammunition within
6	30 days of	the <u>req</u>	uest for the return of firearms, ammunition, or permits or entry of the an order
7	granting th	ne retur	n of the firearms, ammunition, or permits, the sheriff or the qualified licensed
8	firearms de	ealer w	ho has control of the firearms, ammunition, or permits shall give notice to the
9	defendant,	and the	e sheriff or the qualified licensed firearms dealer shall apply to the court for an
10	order of d	ispositi	on of the firearms, ammunition, or permits. The judge, after a hearing, may
11		-	tion of the firearms, ammunition, or permits in one or more of the ways
12		•	r, including subdivision (4), (4b), (5), or (6) of G.S. 14-269.1. Additionally, for
13			nunition surrendered to a qualified licensed firearms dealer under subsection
14			n, the judge may order the firearms and ammunition disposed of by sale by the
15			firearms dealer. If a sale by the sheriff or a qualified licensed firearms dealer
16			r pursuant to this subsection, any proceeds from the sale after deducting any
17			with the sale, sale and any storage fees owed to the sheriff or the qualified
18			dealer, and in accordance with all applicable State and federal law, shall be
19	-		efendant, if requested by the defendant by motion made before the hearing or at
20	the hearing	-	ordered by the judge.defendant.
21	(i)		<u>e to Surrender or Disclose. – It is unlawful for any person subject to a protective</u>
22	order proh	-	the possession or purchase of firearms to: to do any of the following:
23		(1)	Fail to surrender all firearms, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, and
24			permits to carry concealed firearms to the sheriff as ordered by the court; court.
25		(2)	Fail to disclose all information pertaining to the possession of firearms,
26			ammunition, and permits to purchase and permits to carry concealed firearms
27			as requested by the court; or court.
28		(3)	Provide false information to the court pertaining to any of these items.
29	•••		
30	(l)		<u>ruction. – Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the court</u>
31	in granting		onal relief as provided in other sections of this Chapter.
32	<u>(m)</u>	-	ied Licensed Firearms Dealer For purposes of this section, the term
33	"qualified	license	d firearms dealer" shall mean a federally licensed firearms dealer that meets all
34	of the follo	<u>owing r</u>	equirements:
35		<u>(1)</u>	Operates a business in a commercial building located in the State.
36		<u>(2)</u>	Is open to the public.
37		<u>(3)</u>	Regularly engages in the purchase and sale of firearms with members of the
38			<u>public.</u> "
39			<b>ION 4.2.</b> This Part becomes effective December 1, 2025, and applies to orders
40	issued on o	or after	that date.
41			
42	PART V.		LITY PROTECTION FOR SAFETY HOLD AGREEMENTS
43			<b>TON 5.1.</b> Article 53B of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by
44	0		ion to read:
45			fety hold agreements.
46	<u>(a)</u>		tions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
47		<u>(1)</u>	<u>Federal firearms licensee. – A person licensed as a dealer, manufacturer, or</u>
48		$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$	importer under 18 U.S.C. § 923.
49 50		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Safety hold agreement. – A private transaction between a federal firearms</u>
50			licensee and an individual firearm owner in which the licensee takes physical
51			possession of the owner's lawfully possessed firearm at the owner's request,

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1		holds the firearm for an agreed-upon period of time, and a	returns the firearm
2		to the owner according to the terms of the agreement.	
3	<u>(b)</u>	Authorization A federal firearms licensee may enter into a safe	ty hold agreement
4	with a fire	arm owner. The safety hold agreement is not required to include th	
5	in exchan	ge for holding or storing a firearm.	
6	<u>(c)</u>	Liability No individual shall have a cause of action against	a federal firearm
7	licensee f	or any act or omission arising from a safety hold agreement which	results in personal
8	injury or	leath of any individual, including the return of any firearm to the	individual firearm
9	owner at	he termination of a safety hold agreement. The immunity set forth	in this subsection
10	does not a	oply to any action arising from a safety hold agreement if that action	is the result of the
1	<u>negligent</u>	or reckless storage of the firearm or otherwise unlawful conduct	on the part of the
2	federal fin	earms licensee.	-
3	(d)	Unclaimed Firearm Except as otherwise prohibited by law, if an	individual firearm
4	owner do	es not reclaim his or her firearm at the termination of a safety ho	
5		earms licensee may sell or otherwise dispose of the firearm.	
6	(e)	Forms The State Bureau of Investigation shall develop a modifia	able form that may
7	be used b	r federal firearms licensees for entering into safety hold agreements	. The Bureau shall
8	make cop	es of the form required under this subsection available on the Burea	au's website.
9	(f)	Confidentiality. – Nothing in this section shall be construed as ma	
0	agreemen	entered into in accordance with subsection (a) of this section a	
21	purposes	of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. Except as otherwise agreed	to by the parties to
22	the agree	nent, a safety hold agreement entered into in accordance with sub	osection (a) of this
23	-	confidential.	
24	(g)	Construction Nothing in this section shall be construed as r	equiring a federal
25	firearms l	censee to (i) take possession of an unlawfully possessed firearm or (	(ii) return a firearm
26	to a perso	n prohibited by law from possessing a firearm."	
27		SECTION 5.2. The State Bureau of Investigation shall adopt rul	les consistent with
28	the provis	ons of this act. The Bureau may use the procedure set forth in G.S. 1	50B-21.1 to adopt
29	any rules	as required by this section.	
30		<b>SECTION 5.3.</b> This Part becomes effective July 1, 2025.	
31			
32		A AUTHORIZE THE STORAGE AND USE OF DEFENSIV	/E DEVICES IN
33	BIOMET	RIC SAFES FOR SCHOOLS	
34		<b>SECTION 6.1.</b> G.S. 14-269(b) reads as rewritten:	
35	"(b)	This prohibition shall not apply to the following persons:	
36			
37		(10) A public school unit or nonpublic school employee who m	neets the following
38		requirements:	
39		a. <u>The employee has completed annual trainin</u>	
40		classification, as required by G.S. 115C-105.52	-
41		defensive device stored in a locked container that	
42		to the premises of the educational property and	•
43		biometric lock that limits access to only authorize	
44		training for defensive devices stored within the	container or law
15		enforcement officers.	
46		b. <u>The employee accesses and uses a defensive device</u>	—
47		threatening situation in which force was just	ified pursuant to
48		<u>G.S. 14-51.3.</u> "	
49 50	•• / ``	SECTION 6.2. G.S. 14-269.2(g) reads as rewritten:	
50	"(g)	This section shall not apply to any of the following:	
51			

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1	<u>(8)</u>	A weapon that is a defensive device stored on edu	cational property, as
2		provided in G.S. 115C-105.52, or use of those de	vices by authorized
3		employees in response to a threatening situation in whi	ch force was justified
4		pursuant to G.S. 14-51.3."	-
5	SEC	<b>FION 6.3.</b> G.S. 115C-105.52 reads as rewritten:	
6	"§ 115C-105.52.	School Defensive device storage and school crisis kits	•
7		ollowing definitions apply in this section:	
3	(1)	Authorized employee. – An employee of a public sch	ool unit or nonpublic
)		school who meets all of the following requirements on a	an annual basis:
,		a. <u>Receives training meeting the standards establis</u> Safer Schools for a device classification.	lied by the center for
		b. Is designated by the public school unit as an emp	lovee that may access
		a defensive device storage container using that	•
		information.	<u>employees biometrie</u>
	<u>(2)</u>	Defensive device. – A non-lethal device used to defend	against the imminent
	<u>(2)</u>	use of unlawful force. A defensive device may include,	
		disabling chemical spray, an electronic incapacitation	
		non-lethal device.	device, or any other
	(3)	Defensive device storage container. – A locked container	ainer that is securely
	<u>(5)</u>	affixed to the premises of the educational property	
		biometric lock that limits access to only authorized em	-
		for any device classifications stored within the contained	· · ·
		officers.	
	(4)	Device classification. – A classification of a defensive	device corresponding
	<u>(+)</u>	to the required training standards established by the Cen	
		for use of that device by an employee of the school.	nter for Barer Benoois
	<u>(5)</u>	Nonpublic school. – A school that meets the requirem	ents of Part 1 or 2 of
	<u>(5)</u>	Article 39 of this Chapter.	<u>ents of 1 art 1 of 2 of</u>
	(b) Any	public school unit or nonpublic school may provide for def	fensive devices on the
		perty of the school if those defensive devices are stored	
		r. The administrator for each school may affix one or m	
		rs at appropriate locations in the school and may post signs	
	-	he defensive device storage containers.	<u>, derting the public to</u>
	-	mployee shall be required to complete training for a	ny defensive device
		vice classification. Only employees that have completed the	
	-	ication shall be eligible for biometric access to a defe	
		at device classification.	<u>misive device storage</u>
		blic school unit, nonpublic school, or authorized employed	e shall not be liable in
	· · · · ·	or any act or omission related to a defensive device unless	
		s negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing.	ss the act of offission
		Center for Safer Schools, in consultation with the D	enartment of Public
		the Department of Public Safety, shall develop and a	-
		ool crisis kits in schools and on the contents of those kits."	
	-	asic first-aid supplies and communications devices.	The Kits shall melude,
		principal of each school, in coordination with the law enfo	rcement agencies that
		iblic school unit's School Risk Management Plan, may pla	-
		the locations in the school."	
		<b>FION 6.4.</b> G.S. 143B-1209.59(c), as recodified under S	Section 31.17 of S.I
	2024-57, reads a		JUCHUM JJ.17 UL J.L.
		rs and Duties. – The Center for Safer Schools shall have	the following duties
		vers and duties provided in Article 8C of Chapter 115C of	-
	and an other pov	ters and dates provided in raticle of or chapter 1150 of	ne conorai statutos.

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1	
2	(11) Establish classifications of defensive devices and, in collaboration with the
3	North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards
4	Commission, establish minimum training standards for school employees to
5	qualify to access and use that classification of defensive device in a storage
6	container with biometric locks. The minimum training standards shall be made
7	publicly available for use of law enforcement or private entities to provide
8	training meeting those standards."
9	SECTION 6.5. Public school units awarded school safety grants for safety
0	equipment may use those grants to purchase defensive devices and defensive device storage
1 2	containers and associated training for public school employees. SECTION 6.6. The Center for Safer Schools shall establish classifications and
2 3	training standards required by this Part no later than January 1, 2026.
3 4	<b>SECTION 6.7.</b> Sections 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3 of this Part become effective January 1,
5	2026, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of this Part is effective
5	when it becomes law.
7	
8	PART VII. BROADEN DOOR LOCK EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN BUSINESSES
9	SECTION 7. G.S. 143-143.4 reads as rewritten:
0	"§ 143-143.4. Door lock exemption for certain businesses.
1	(a) Notwithstanding this Article or any other law to the contrary, any business entity
2	licensed to sell automatic weapons as a federal firearms dealer that is in the business of selling
3	firearms or ammunition and that operates a firing range which rents firearms and sells
4	ammunition shall be exempt from the door lock requirements of Chapter 10 of Volume 1 of the
5	North Carolina State Building Code when issued a permit to that effect by the Office of the State
6	Fire Marshal in accordance with this section.
7	" 
8	
9	PART VIII. MISCELLANEOUS
0	<b>SECTION 8.1.</b> Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this
1	act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act
2	remain applicable to those prosecutions.
3	<b>SECTION 8.2.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
4	law.