

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2023

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HOUSE BILL 228  
Committee Substitute Favorable 5/15/24  
PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H228-PCS40610-SVx-45

Short Title: Rev. Laws Tech., Clarifying, & Admin. Chngs.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 2, 2023

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE  
3 CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE  
4 MEDICAID HOSPITAL ASSESSMENT STATUTES, AND TO UPDATE THE  
5 DEFINITION OF A THRESHOLD EXCLUSION.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7  
8 **PART I. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES**

9 **SECTION 1.1.(a)** G.S. 105-160.4(f) and (g) are repealed.

10 **SECTION 1.1.(b)** This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
11 January 1, 2023.

12 **SECTION 1.2.(a)** G.S. 105-153.3 reads as rewritten:

13 **"§ 105-153.3. Definitions.**

14 The following definitions apply in this Part:

15 ...

16 (7a) Income attributable to the State. – Either of the following:

17 a. With respect to a partnership, all items of income, loss, deduction, or  
18 credit of the partnership apportioned and allocated to this State  
19 pursuant to G.S. 105-130.4.

20 b. With respect to an S Corporation, as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)(4).

21 (7b) Income not attributable to the State. – Either of the following:

22 a. With respect to a partnership, all items of income, loss, deduction, or  
23 credit of the partnership other than income attributable to the State.

24 b. With respect to an S Corporation, as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)(5).

25 ...."

26 **SECTION 1.2.(b)** This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after  
27 January 1, 2023.

28 **SECTION 1.3.** G.S. 105-153.8 reads as rewritten:

29 **"§ 105-153.8. Income tax returns.**

30 ...

31 (e) Joint Returns. – ~~A husband and wife~~ Two lawfully married individuals who are  
32 required to file an income tax return pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and whose adjusted  
33 gross income is determined on a joint federal return must file a ~~single with the Secretary~~ joint  
34 income tax return jointly if each spouse either is a resident of this State or has North Carolina  
35 taxable income and may file a single income tax return jointly if one spouse is not a resident and



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1 ~~has no North Carolina taxable income.~~ return. If two lawfully married individuals file a joint  
2 ~~federal return but only one individual is required to file an income tax return pursuant to~~  
3 ~~subsection (a) of this section, that individual must file the income tax return pursuant to~~  
4 ~~subsection (f) of this section. Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the following provisions~~  
5 ~~apply to the individuals filing a joint income tax return:~~

6 (1) ~~a wife and husband filing jointly~~ The individuals are treated as one taxpayer  
7 for the purpose of determining the tax imposed by this Part.

8 (2) ~~A husband and wife filing jointly are~~ Each individual is jointly and severally  
9 liable for the tax imposed by this Part reduced by the sum of all credits  
10 allowable including tax payments made by or on behalf of ~~the husband and~~  
11 ~~wife.~~ each individual. However, if a ~~spouse~~ one of the individuals qualifies  
12 for relief of liability for federal tax pursuant to section 6015 of the Code, that  
13 ~~spouse~~ individual is not liable for the corresponding tax imposed by this Part.

14 (3) ~~A wife and husband filing jointly have~~ Each individual has expressly agreed  
15 that if the amount of the payments made by them with respect to the taxes for  
16 which they are liable, including withheld and estimated taxes, exceeds the  
17 total of the taxes due, refund of the excess may be made payable to both  
18 ~~spouses~~ individuals jointly or, if either is deceased, to the survivor alone.

19 (f) Exception. – If two lawfully married individuals file a joint federal return but only  
20 one individual is required to file an income tax return pursuant to subsection (a) of this section,  
21 that individual must file the income tax return as either of the following:

22 (1) Jointly under the provisions of subsection (e) of this section based on the filing  
23 status of married, filing jointly/surviving spouse.

24 (2) Separately based on the filing status of married, filing separately."

25 **SECTION 1.4.(a)** G.S. 105-155(a) reads as rewritten:

26 "(a) Return. – An income tax return shall be filed at the place and in the form prescribed  
27 by the Secretary. The income tax return of every taxpayer reporting on a calendar year basis is  
28 due on or before the fifteenth day of April in each year. The income tax return of every taxpayer  
29 reporting on a fiscal year basis is due on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following  
30 the close of the fiscal year. These dates do not apply to a nonresident alien whose federal income  
31 tax return is due at a later date under section 6072(c) of the Code. The return of a nonresident  
32 alien affected by that Code section is due on or before the fifteenth day of the sixth month  
33 following the close of the taxable year. An information return shall be filed at the times prescribed  
34 by the Secretary. A taxpayer may ~~ask the Secretary for~~ receive an extension of time to file a  
35 return under G.S. 105-263."

36 **SECTION 1.4.(b)** G.S. 105-160.6 reads as rewritten:

37 **"§ 105-160.6. Time and place of filing returns.**

38 An income tax return of an estate or a trust shall be filed as prescribed by the Secretary at the  
39 place prescribed by the Secretary. The return of every fiduciary reporting on a calendar year basis  
40 shall be filed on or before the 15th day of April in each year, and the return of every fiduciary  
41 reporting on a fiscal year basis shall be filed on or before the 15th day of the fourth month  
42 following the close of the fiscal year. A fiduciary may ~~ask the Secretary for~~ receive an extension  
43 of time to file a return under G.S. 105-263."

44 **SECTION 1.4.(c)** G.S. 105-130.17(d) reads as rewritten:

45 "(d) A taxpayer may ~~ask the Secretary for~~ receive an extension of time to file a return  
46 under G.S. 105-263."

47 **SECTION 1.4.(d)** G.S. 105-129 reads as rewritten:

48 **"§ 105-129. Extension of time for filing returns.**

49 A return required by this Article is due on or before the date set in this Article. A taxpayer  
50 may ~~ask the Secretary for~~ receive an extension of time to file a return under G.S. 105-263."

1           **SECTION 1.5.** Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes  
2 law.

3  
4 **PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES**

5           **SECTION 2.1.(a)** G.S. 105-164.8 reads as rewritten:

6 "**§ 105-164.8. Retailer's obligation to collect tax; remote sales subject to tax.**

7           ...

8           (b) Remote Sales. – A retailer who makes a remote sale is engaged in business in this  
9 State and is subject to the tax levied under this Article if at least one of the following conditions  
10 is met:

11           ...

12           (9) The retailer makes gross sales in excess of one hundred thousand dollars  
13 (\$100,000) from remote sales sourced to this State, including sales as a  
14 marketplace seller, for the previous or the current calendar year that meet  
15 either of the following: year.

16           a. ~~Gross sales in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).~~

17           b. ~~Two hundred or more separate transactions.~~

18           (10) The retailer is a marketplace facilitator that makes sales, gross sales in excess  
19 of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), including all  
20 marketplace-facilitated sales for all marketplace sellers, from sales sourced to  
21 this State for the previous or the current calendar year that meet either of the  
22 following: year.

23           a. ~~Gross sales in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).~~

24           b. ~~Two hundred or more separate transactions.~~

25           ...."

26           **SECTION 2.1.(b)** This section is effective July 1, 2024. A person who holds a  
27 certificate of registration with the Department as of June 30, 2024, and is solely engaged in  
28 business in the State because the person exceeds the transaction threshold established in  
29 G.S. 105-164.8(b)(9)b. or G.S. 105-164.8(b)(10)b. may close the person's certificate of  
30 registration in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary. The person must collect  
31 tax, file returns, and remit tax for periods ending prior to the later of (i) July 1, 2024, or (ii) the  
32 date the person cancels his or her certificate of registration.

33           **SECTION 2.2.** G.S. 105-164.3(259) reads as rewritten:

34           "(259) Streamlined Agreement. – The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement as  
35 amended as of ~~December 22, 2022.~~ November 7, 2023."

36           **SECTION 2.3.(a)** G.S. 105-241.8(b) reads as rewritten:

37           "(b) Exceptions. – The exceptions to the general statute of limitations for proposing an  
38 assessment are as follows:

39           ...

40           (5) Sales and use tax customer refund. – If a purchaser receives a refund from a  
41 seller of sales and use tax paid to the seller, the period for proposing an  
42 assessment against the customer of any tax refunded is three years after the  
43 date of the refund."

44           **SECTION 2.3.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2024, and applies to  
45 assessments not barred by the statute of limitations prior to that date.

46           **SECTION 2.4.** G.S. 105-236 reads as rewritten:

47 "**§ 105-236. Penalties; situs of violations; penalty disposition.**

48           (a) Penalties. – The following civil penalties and criminal offenses apply:

49           ...

50           (5a) ~~Misuse of Exemption Certificate.~~ Certificate or Affidavit of Capital  
51 Improvement. – For misuse of an exemption certificate or affidavit of capital

1 improvement by a purchaser, the Secretary shall assess a penalty equal to two  
2 hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). An exemption certificate is a certificate issued  
3 by the Secretary that authorizes a retailer to sell ~~tangible personal property an~~  
4 item to the holder of the certificate and either collect tax at a preferential rate  
5 or not collect tax on the sale. Examples of an exemption certificate include a  
6 certificate of exemption, a direct pay certificate, and a conditional exemption  
7 certificate. An affidavit of capital improvement substantiates that a contract,  
8 or a portion of work to be performed to fulfill a contract, is to be taxed for  
9 sales and use tax purposes as a real property contract.

10 ...."

11 **SECTION 2.5.** G.S. 105-164.4H(a1) reads as rewritten:

12 "(a1) Substantiation. – Generally, services to real property are retail sales of or the gross  
13 receipts derived from repair, maintenance, and installation services and subject to tax in  
14 accordance with G.S. 105-164.4(a)(16), unless a person substantiates that a transaction is subject  
15 to tax as a real property contract in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, subject to tax  
16 as a mixed transaction in accordance with subsection (d) of this section, or the transaction is not  
17 subject to tax. A person may substantiate that a transaction is a real property contract or a mixed  
18 transaction by records that establish the transaction is a real property contract or by receipt of an  
19 affidavit of capital improvement. The receipt of an affidavit of capital improvement, absent fraud  
20 or other egregious activities, establishes that the subcontractor or other person receiving the  
21 affidavit should treat the transaction as a capital improvement, and the transaction is subject to  
22 tax in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. A person that issues an affidavit of capital  
23 improvement is liable for any additional tax due on the transaction, in excess of tax paid on  
24 related purchases under subsection (a) of this section, if it is determined that the transaction is  
25 not a capital improvement but rather the transaction is subject to tax as a retail sale. A person  
26 who receives an affidavit of capital improvement from another ~~person, person within 90 days of~~  
27 the sale or within 120 days of a substantiation request by the Secretary, absent fraud or other  
28 egregious activities, is not liable for any additional tax on the gross receipts from the transaction  
29 if it is determined that the transaction is not a capital improvement.

30 The Secretary may establish guidelines for transactions where an affidavit of capital  
31 improvement is not required, but rather a person may establish by records that such transactions  
32 are subject to tax in accordance with subsection (a) of this section."

33 **SECTION 2.6.** Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes  
34 law.

### 35 **PART III. EXCISE TAX CHANGES**

36 **SECTION 3.1.** G.S. 105-113.83 reads as rewritten:

37 **"§ 105-113.83. Payment and reporting of excise taxes.**

38 (a) Filing Periods. – The excise tax imposed by this Article is payable when a report is  
39 due. A report is due annually or monthly, as specified in this section, and must be filed regardless  
40 of whether alcoholic beverages were sold or otherwise disposed of in this State. A report covers  
41 liabilities that accrue in the reporting period. Liabilities accrue in the reporting period in which  
42 the alcoholic beverage is first sold or otherwise disposed of in this State. A return must be in the  
43 form prescribed by, and contain information required by, the Secretary.

44 (a1) Liquor. – The excise tax on liquor levied under G.S. 105-113.80(c) is payable  
45 monthly by the local ABC board and by a ~~distillery permittee to the Secretary. The tax shall be~~  
46 paid distillery. The local ABC board and distillery must file a monthly report, and the report is  
47 due on or before the 15th day of the month following the month in which the tax was  
48 collected covered by the report.

49 (b) Malt Beverage and Wine. – The excise taxes on malt beverages and wine levied under  
50 G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b), respectively, are payable ~~to the Secretary~~ by the resident wholesaler  
51

1 or importer who first handles the beverages in this State. The taxes on malt beverages and wine  
2 are payable only once on the same beverages. ~~Unless otherwise provided, the tax is~~ The  
3 wholesaler or importer must file a monthly report, and the report is due on or before the 15th day  
4 of the month following the month in which the beverage is first sold or otherwise disposed of in  
5 this State by the wholesaler or importer. When excise taxes are paid on wine or malt beverages,  
6 ~~the wholesaler or importer must submit to the Secretary verified reports on forms provided by~~  
7 ~~the Secretary detailing covered by the report. The report must include the sales records for the~~  
8 month for which the taxes are paid. ~~The report must~~ paid, indicate the amount of excise tax due,  
9 ~~contain the information required by the Secretary,~~ and indicate separately any transactions to  
10 which the excise tax does not apply.

11 (b1) Brewery and Winery Option. – A brewery or winery may be relieved of paying the  
12 tax levied under G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b) if all of the following apply:

- 13 (1) The brewery or winery holds a permit issued under G.S. 18B-1101, 18B-1102,  
14 or 18B-1104.
- 15 (2) The brewery or winery transfers malt beverages or wine to a wholesaler  
16 permitted under G.S. 18B-1107 or G.S. 18B-1109.
- 17 (3) The wholesaler agrees in writing to be responsible for the tax due on the  
18 transferred malt beverages or ~~wine~~ wine and provides the Secretary a copy of  
19 the agreement upon request.
- 20 (4) The brewery or winery files a monthly report ~~when the tax would otherwise~~  
21 ~~be due~~ reporting the transfer of malt beverages or wine to the wholesaler.

22 (b2) Backup Tax Liability. – If a brewery or winery is relieved of paying the excise tax as  
23 provided under subsection (b1) of this section, the wholesaler receiving the malt beverages or  
24 wine is liable for any tax due under this section.

25 (b3) Wine Shipper Permittee. – A wine shipper permittee must pay the excise tax levied  
26 under G.S. 105-113.80(b) on wine shipped directly to consumers in this State pursuant to  
27 G.S. 18B-1001.1. A wine shipper permittee must ~~submit verified file~~ reports once a year on forms  
28 ~~provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the year taxes are paid. The verified report~~  
29 is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year.

30 (c) Railroad Sales. – Each person operating a railroad train in this State on which  
31 alcoholic beverages are sold must ~~submit file~~ monthly reports of the amount of alcoholic  
32 beverages sold in this State and must remit the applicable excise tax due on the sale of these  
33 beverages when the report is submitted. State. The report is due on or before the ~~15th~~ fifteenth  
34 day of the month following the month in which the beverages are sold. ~~The report must be made~~  
35 on a form prescribed by the Secretary covered by the report."

36 **SECTION 3.2.** G.S. 105-449.45(a) reads as rewritten:

37 "(a) Return. – A motor carrier must report its operations to the Secretary on a quarterly  
38 basis unless subsection (b) of this section exempts the motor carrier from this requirement. A  
39 licensed motor carrier required to report its operations must file a return even if the person did  
40 not operate or cause to operate a qualified motor vehicle during the reporting period. A quarterly  
41 return covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last day of the month following the quarter. A  
42 return must be filed in the form required by the Secretary."

43 **SECTION 3.3.** G.S. 105-449.60 reads as rewritten:

44 **"§ 105-449.60. Definitions.**

45 The following definitions apply in this Article:

46 ...

- 47 (12) Diesel fuel. – Any liquid, other than gasoline, that is suitable for use as a fuel  
48 in a diesel-powered highway vehicle. The term includes biodiesel, renewable  
49 diesel, fuel oil, heating oil, high-sulfur dyed diesel fuel, and kerosene. The  
50 term does not include jet fuel.

51 ...

1           (43a) Renewable diesel. – A diesel fuel substitute produced from nonpetroleum  
2           renewable sources, including vegetable oils and animal fats, that is suitable  
3           for use as a fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle.

4           ...."

5           **SECTION 3.4.** This Part is effective when it becomes law.

#### 7 **PART IV. TAX ADMINISTRATION CHANGES**

8           **SECTION 4.1.** Section 5.6(e) of S.L. 2022-13 reads as rewritten:

9           "**SECTION 5.6.(e)** Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective June 30, 2022.  
10          Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective January 1, 2023, and applies to tax assessed on  
11          or after that date. Subsection (c) of this section becomes law ~~July 1, 2024,~~ July 1, 2027, and  
12          applies to tax assessed on or after that date. The remainder of this section is effective when this  
13          act becomes law."

14          **SECTION 4.2.** This Part is effective when it becomes law.

#### 16 **PART V. MEDICAID HOSPITAL ASSESSMENTS TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS**

17          **SECTION 5.1.** G.S. 108A-147.7 reads as rewritten:

18          "**§ 108A-147.7. Administration component.**

19          (a) The administration component is an amount of money that is calculated by adding the  
20          State administration subcomponent calculated under subsection (b) of this section and the county  
21          administration subcomponent calculated under subsection (c) of this section.

22          (b) For each quarter of the 2023-2024 State fiscal year, the State administration  
23          subcomponent is the product of one million three hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$1,350,000)  
24          multiplied by the number of months in that State fiscal quarter in which G.S. 108A-54.3A(24) is  
25          effective during any part of the month. For each quarter of the 2024-2025 State fiscal year, the  
26          State administration subcomponent is four million fifty thousand dollars (\$4,050,000) increased  
27          by a percentage that is the sum of each monthly percentage change in the Consumer Price Index:  
28          All Urban Consumers. ~~Consumers for the most recent 12 months available on the first day of the~~  
29          current quarter. For each subsequent State fiscal year, the State administration subcomponent  
30          shall be increased over the prior year's quarterly amount by a percentage that is the sum of each  
31          monthly percentage change in the Consumer Price Index: All Urban Consumers. ~~Consumers for~~  
32          the most recent 12 months available on the first day of the current quarter.

33          (c) For each quarter of the 2022-2023 State fiscal year and the 2023-2024 State fiscal  
34          year, the county administration subcomponent is the product of one million six hundred  
35          sixty-seven thousand dollars (\$1,667,000) multiplied by the number of months in that State fiscal  
36          quarter in which G.S. 108A-54.3A(24) is effective during any part of the month. The county  
37          administration subcomponent is seven million four hundred thousand dollars (\$7,400,000) for  
38          each quarter of the 2024-2025 State fiscal year and seven million eight hundred thousand dollars  
39          (\$7,800,000) for each quarter of the 2025-2026 State fiscal year. For each State fiscal year after  
40          the 2025-2026 State fiscal year, the county administration subcomponent shall be increased over  
41          the prior year's quarterly amount by a percentage that is the sum of each monthly percentage  
42          change in the Consumer Price Index: All Urban Consumers. ~~Consumers for the most recent 12~~  
43          months available on the first day of the current quarter."

44          **SECTION 5.2.(a)** G.S. 108A-145.3(19) reads as rewritten:

45          "(19) Private hospital historical assessment share. – Eighty and ~~two-tenths~~  
46          seventeen hundredths percent (80.2%), (80.17%), expressed as a decimal."

47          **SECTION 5.2.(b)** G.S. 108A-145.3(21) reads as rewritten:

48          "(21) Public hospital historical assessment share. – Nineteen and ~~eight-tenths~~  
49          eighty-three hundredths percent (19.8%), (19.83%), expressed as a decimal."

50          **SECTION 5.3.(a)** G.S. 108A-145.3 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

51          "(22a) Rural emergency hospital. – As defined in 42 C.F.R. § 485.502."

1           **SECTION 5.3.(b)** G.S. 108A-145.3(18) reads as rewritten:

2           "(18) Private acute care hospital. – An acute care hospital that (i) is not qualified to  
3           certify public expenditures as described in 42 C.F.R. § 433.51(b), (ii) is not a  
4           critical access hospital, (iii) is not a rural emergency hospital, and ~~(iii)-(iv)~~ (iv) is  
5           not part of the UNC Health Care System."

6           **SECTION 5.3.(c)** G.S. 108A-145.3(20) reads as rewritten:

7           "(20) Public acute care hospital. – An acute care hospital that (i) is qualified to  
8           certify public expenditures as described in 42 C.F.R. § 433.51(b), (ii) is not a  
9           critical access hospital, (iii) is not a rural emergency hospital, (iv) is not part  
10          of the UNC Health Care System, and ~~(iv)-(v)~~ (v) is not the primary affiliated  
11          teaching hospital for the East Carolina University Brody School of Medicine."

12          **SECTION 5.3.(d)** G.S. 108A-146.9(c) reads as rewritten:

13          "(c) The subcomponent pertaining to claims for which there is third-party coverage is the  
14          product of the total fee-for-service payments for claims not attributable to newly eligible  
15          individuals for which there is third-party coverage made for inpatient hospital services and  
16          outpatient hospital services to (i) public acute care hospitals, (ii) private acute care hospitals, ~~and~~  
17          (iii) critical access ~~hospitals~~ hospitals, and (iv) rural emergency hospitals multiplied by the  
18          nonfederal share for not newly eligible individuals."

19          **SECTION 5.3.(e)** G.S. 108A-147.9(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

20          "(1) Sixty percent (60%) of the public hospital share of the sum of the presumptive  
21          service cost component calculated under G.S. 108A-147.5 for the current  
22          quarter, the administration component calculated under G.S. 108A-147.7 for  
23          the current quarter, and the State retention component under G.S. 108A-147.8  
24          for the current quarter. The public hospital share is the total hospital costs for  
25          all public acute care hospitals divided by the total hospital costs for all acute  
26          care hospitals except for critical access hospitals and rural emergency  
27          hospitals for the current quarter."

28          **SECTION 5.3.(f)** G.S. 108A-147.9(c)(1) reads as rewritten:

29          "(1) The UNC Health Care System share of the presumptive service cost  
30          component calculated under G.S. 108A-147.5 for the current quarter and the  
31          administration component calculated under G.S. 108A-147.7 for the current  
32          quarter. The UNC Health Care System share is the total hospital costs for the  
33          UNC Health Care System hospitals divided by the total hospital costs for all  
34          acute care hospitals except for critical access hospitals and rural emergency  
35          hospitals for the current quarter."

36          **SECTION 5.3.(g)** G.S. 108A-147.9(d)(1) reads as rewritten:

37          "(1) The East Carolina University share of the presumptive service cost component  
38          calculated under G.S. 108A-147.5 for the current quarter and the  
39          administration component calculated under G.S. 108A-147.7 for the current  
40          quarter. The East Carolina University share is the total hospital costs for the  
41          primary affiliated teaching hospital for the East Carolina University Brody  
42          School of Medicine divided by the total hospital costs for all acute care  
43          hospitals except for critical access hospitals and rural emergency hospitals for  
44          the current quarter."

45          **SECTION 5.3.(h)** G.S. 108A-147.11(c) reads as rewritten:

46          "(c) The share of public hospital costs is calculated by adding total hospital costs for the  
47          UNC Health Care System, total hospital costs for the primary affiliated teaching hospital for the  
48          East Carolina University Brody School of Medicine, and sixty percent (60%) of the total hospital  
49          costs for all public acute care hospitals and dividing that sum by the total hospital costs for all  
50          acute care hospitals except for critical access hospitals and rural emergency hospitals."

51          **SECTION 5.3A.** G.S. 108A-145.3(26) reads as rewritten:

"(26) University of North Carolina Health Care System (UNC Health Care System).  
 – As established in ~~G.S. 116-37~~ G.S. 116-350.5 and including the following  
 hospitals:  
 ...."

**SECTION 5.4.** This Part is effective on the first day of the next assessment quarter after the date this act becomes law and applies to assessments imposed on or after that date.

**PART VI. UPDATE THE DEFINITION OF THRESHOLD EXCLUSION FOR PURPOSES OF HIGH-COST HOME LOANS**

**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 24-1.1E reads as rewritten:

**"§ 24-1.1E. Restrictions and limitations on high-cost home loans.**

(a) Definitions. – The following definitions apply for the purposes of this section:

...  
 (6) "Thresholds" means:

a. Without regard to whether the loan transaction is or may be a "residential mortgage transaction" (as the term "residential mortgage transaction" is defined in section 226.2(a)(24) of Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended from time to time), the annual percentage rate of the loan at the time the loan is consummated is such that the loan is considered a "mortgage" under section 152 of the Home Ownership and Equity Protection Act of 1994 (Pub. Law 103-25, [15 U.S.C. § 1602(aa)]), as the same may be amended from time to time, and regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the Federal Reserve Board, including section 226.32 of Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as the same may be amended from time to time;

b. The total points and fees, as defined in G.S. 24-1.1E(a)(5), exceed five percent (5%) of the total loan amount if the total loan amount is twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or more, or (ii) the lesser of eight percent (8%) of the total loan amount or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the total loan amount is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000); provided, the following discount points and prepayment fees and penalties shall be excluded from the calculation of the total points and fees payable by the borrower:

1. Up to and including two bona fide loan discount points payable by the borrower in connection with the loan transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by more than one percentage point (1%) ~~the required net yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from either Fannie Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, whichever is greater;~~ the average prime offer rate as defined in 12 C.F.R. § 1026.35 that applies to a comparable transaction, as published by the United States Consumer Financial Protection Bureau as of the last date the discounted interest rate for the transaction is set before consummation;

2. Up to and including one bona fide loan discount point payable by the borrower in connection with the loan transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by more than two percentage points (2%) ~~the required net yield for a 90-day standard~~



~~mandatory delivery commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from either Fannie Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, whichever is greater; the average prime offer rate as defined in 12 C.F.R. § 1026.35 that applies to a comparable transaction, as published by the United States Consumer Financial Protection Bureau as of the last date the discounted interest rate for the transaction is set before consummation;~~

3. For a closed-end loan, prepayment fees and penalties which may be charged or collected under the terms of the loan documents which do not exceed one percent (1%) of the amount prepaid, provided the loan documents do not permit the lender to charge or collect any prepayment fees or penalties more than 30 months after the loan closing;

4. For an open-end credit plan, prepayment fees and penalties which may be charged or collected under the terms of the loan documents which do not exceed one percent (1%) of the amount prepaid, provided the loan documents do not permit the lender to charge or collect any prepayment fees or penalties more than (i) 30 months after the loan closing if the borrower has no right or option under the loan documents to repay all or any portion of the outstanding balance of the open-end credit plan at a fixed interest rate over a specified period of time or, (ii) if the borrower has a right or option under the loan documents to repay all or any portion of the outstanding balance of the open-end credit plan at a fixed interest rate over a specified period of time, 30 months after the date the borrower voluntarily exercises that right or option; or

c. If the loan is a closed-end loan, the loan documents permit the lender to charge or collect prepayment fees or penalties more than 30 months after the loan closing or which exceed, in the aggregate, more than two percent (2%) of the amount prepaid. If the loan is an open-end credit plan, the loan documents permit the lender to charge or collect prepayment fees or penalties (i) more than 30 months after the loan closing if the borrower has no right or option under the loan documents to repay all or any portion of the outstanding balance of the open-end credit plan at a fixed interest rate over a specified period of time or, (ii) if the borrower has a right or option under the loan documents to repay all or any portion of the outstanding balance of the open-end credit plan at a fixed interest rate over a specified period of time, more than 30 months after the date the borrower voluntarily exercises that right or option, or (iii) which exceed, in the aggregate, more than two percent (2%) of the amount prepaid.

...."

**SECTION 6.(b)** This Part becomes effective June 1, 2024.

**PART VII. ALLOW SINGLE APPLICATION FOR LEGACY AIRPORT PROPERTY TAX EXCLUSION**

**SECTION 7.(a)** G.S. 105-282.1(a)(2)b. reads as rewritten:

"b. Special classes of property excluded from taxation under G.S. 105-275(3), (7), (8), (12), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (31e), (35),

1 (36), (38), (39), (41), (45), (46), (47), (48), ~~or (49)-(49)~~, or (50) or  
2 under G.S. 131A-21."

3 **SECTION 7.(b)** This Part is effective when it becomes law.  
4

5 **PART VIII. EFFECTIVE DATE**

6 **SECTION 8.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes  
7 law.