GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

H.B. 712 Apr 28, 2021 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH40413-MQ-114

	Short Title:	Preservation of Workforce Housing.	(Public)	
	Sponsors:	Representative B. Jones.		
	Referred to:			
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2		AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF SUBJECTIVE STANDARDS IN CONDITIONAL USE		
3	PERMITTING BY LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR DEVELOPMENTS WITH			
4	AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS FOR FAMILIES MEETING CERTAIN INCOME			
5	LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.			
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
7	SECTION 1. G.S. 160D-703 reads as rewritten:			
8		Zoning districts.		
9	•	ppes of Zoning Districts. – A local government may divide its territorial ju		
10	-	istricts of any number, shape, and area deemed best suited to carry out the		
11	of this Article. Within those districts, it may regulate and restrict the erection, construction,			
12	reconstruction, alteration, repair, or use of buildings, structures, or land. Zoning districts may			
13	include, but are not be limited to, the following:			
14	(1			
15		or uses by right and that may also include uses permitted only with	a special	
16	(2)	use permit.		
17	(2		elopment	
18	(2)	conditions are imposed.		
19	(3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
20		form, mass, and density of structures, public spaces, and streetscape		
21	(4			
22		properties within one or more underlying conventional, condit	ional, or	
23	~	form-based districts.		
24	(5			
25		onditional Districts. – Property may be placed in a conditional distric	•	
26	response to a petition by all owners of the property to be included. Specific conditions may be			
27	proposed by the petitioner or the local government or its agencies, but only those conditions			
28	approved by the local government and consented to by the petitioner in writing may be			
29	incorporated into the zoning regulations. Unless consented to by the petitioner in writing, in the			
30	exercise of the authority granted by this section, a local government may not require, enforce, or			
31	incorporate into the zoning regulations any condition or requirement not authorized by otherwise			
32	applicable law, including, without limitation, taxes, impact fees, building design elements within the second of $C = 1000, 702(h)$, driven whether the second sec			
33	the scope of G.S. 160D-702(b), driveway-related improvements in excess of those allowed in $C = 126(18)^{200}$ and $C = 160A^{-207}$ are other accurate an invitation of the development of the developmen			
34	G.S. 136-18(29) and G.S. 160A-307, or other unauthorized limitations on the development or			

use of land. Conditions and site-specific standards imposed in a conditional district shall be limited to those that address the conformance of the development and use of the site to local



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government ordinances, plans adopted pursuant to G.S. 160D-501, or the impacts reasonably 1 2 expected to be generated by the development or use of the site. The zoning regulation may 3 provide that defined minor modifications in conditional district standards that do not involve a 4 change in uses permitted or the density of overall development permitted may be reviewed and 5 approved administratively. Any other modification of the conditions and standards in a 6 conditional district shall follow the same process for approval as are applicable to zoning map 7 amendments. If multiple parcels of land are subject to a conditional zoning, the owners of 8 individual parcels may apply for modification of the conditions so long as the modification would 9 not result in other properties failing to meet the terms of the conditions. Any modifications 10 approved apply only to those properties whose owners petition for the modification.

(c) Uniformity Within Districts. – Except as authorized by the foregoing, all regulations
shall be uniform for each class or kind of building throughout each district but the regulations in
one district may differ from those in other districts.

(d) Standards Applicable Regardless of District. – A zoning regulation or unified
development ordinance may also include development standards that apply uniformly
jurisdiction-wide rather than being applicable only in particular zoning districts.

(e) Limitations. – For parcels where multifamily structures are an allowable use, a local
government may not impose a harmony requirement or any other subjective conditions or
standards for permit approval if the development contains affordable housing units for families
or individuals with incomes below eighty percent (80%) of area median income."

21 **SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to permit 22 applications submitted on or after that date.