

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2019

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HOUSE BILL 918
Senate Health Care Committee Substitute Adopted 8/21/19
PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H918-PCS30529-TV-46

Short Title: Expedite Permanency/DHHS Report SNAP/TANF.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 22, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND VARIOUS ABUSE, NEGLECT, AND DEPENDENCY LAWS TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENTS, EXPEDITE PERMANENCY PLANNING HEARINGS FOR CHILDREN WHO HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE HOME, CREATE A PRESUMPTION THAT FOSTER PARENTS WITH WHOM A CHILD HAS LIVED CONTINUOUSLY FOR NINE MONTHS ARE DEEMED NONRELATIVE KIN, CREATE AN AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE FOR THE EXPOSURE TO UNLAWFUL CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES IN UTERO OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES USED IN VIOLATION OF THE LAW IN UTERO, AND REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF SOCIAL SERVICES, TO REPORT ANNUALLY CERTAIN EXPENDITURES FOR THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) AND TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) PROGRAM.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

PART I. ENSURE SAFETY FOR CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENTS AND EXPEDITE PERMANENCY PLANNING HEARINGS

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 7B-100 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7B-100. Purpose.

This Subchapter shall be interpreted and construed so as to implement the following purposes and policies:

- ...
- (5) To provide standards, consistent with the Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1997, P.L. 105-89, for ensuring that the best interests of the juvenile are of paramount consideration by the court and that when it is not in the juvenile's best interest to be returned home, the juvenile will be placed in a safe, permanent home within ~~a reasonable amount of time~~ one year from the date of the initial order removing custody."

SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 7B-101 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7B-101. Definitions.

As used in this Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words have the listed meanings:

...



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1 (15) Neglected juvenile. – Any juvenile less than 18 years of age (i) who is found
 2 to be a minor victim of human trafficking under ~~G.S. 14-43.15~~ or
 3 G.S. 14-43.15, (ii) whose parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker does not
 4 provide proper care, supervision, or discipline; or who has been abandoned;
 5 or who is not provided necessary medical care; or who is not provided
 6 necessary remedial care; or who lives in an environment injurious to the
 7 juvenile's welfare; or the custody of whom has been unlawfully transferred
 8 under G.S. 14-321.2; or who has been placed for care or adoption in violation
 9 of ~~law~~-law or (iii) whose parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker uses an
 10 illegal controlled substance or abuses alcohol or a controlled substance and is
 11 unable to care for and provide a safe and appropriate home for the juvenile. In
 12 determining whether a juvenile is a neglected juvenile, it is relevant whether
 13 that juvenile lives in a home where another juvenile has died as a result of
 14 suspected abuse or neglect or lives in a home where another juvenile has been
 15 subjected to abuse or neglect by an adult who regularly lives in the home.

16 ...

17 (18a) Relative. – An individual directly related to the juvenile by blood, marriage,
 18 or adoption including, but not limited to, a grandparent, sibling, aunt, or uncle.

19 ~~(18a)~~(18b) Responsible individual. – A parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker who
 20 abuses or seriously neglects a juvenile.

21 ~~(18b)~~(18c) Return home or reunification. – Placement of the juvenile in the home of
 22 either parent or placement of the juvenile in the home of a guardian or
 23 custodian from whose home the child was removed by court order.

24"

25 **SECTION 1.(c)** G.S. 7B-503(a) reads as rewritten:

26 "(a) When a request is made for nonsecure custody, the court shall first consider release
 27 of the juvenile to the juvenile's parent, relative, guardian, custodian, or other responsible adult.
 28 An order for nonsecure custody shall be made only when there is a reasonable factual basis to
 29 believe the matters alleged in the petition are true, and any of the following apply:

30 ...

31 (7) The juvenile is an infant who was born drug-exposed to alcohol, unlawful
 32 controlled substances, or controlled substances used in violation of the law.

33"

34 **SECTION 1.(d)** G.S. 7B-505(b) reads as rewritten:

35 "(b) The court shall order the department of social services to make diligent efforts to
 36 notify relatives and other persons with legal custody of a sibling of the juvenile that the juvenile
 37 is in nonsecure custody and of any hearings scheduled to occur pursuant to G.S. 7B-506, unless
 38 the court finds the notification would be contrary to the best interests of the juvenile. The
 39 department of social services shall use due diligence to identify and notify adult relatives, next
 40 of kin, and other persons with legal custody of a sibling of the juvenile within 30 days after the
 41 initial order removing custody. The department shall file with the court information regarding
 42 attempts made to identify and notify adult relatives of the child, next of kin, and persons with
 43 legal custody of a sibling of the juvenile. In placing a juvenile in nonsecure custody under this
 44 section, the court shall first consider whether a relative of the juvenile is willing and able to
 45 provide proper care and supervision of the juvenile in a safe home. If the court finds that the
 46 relative is willing and able to provide proper care and supervision in a safe home, then the court
 47 shall order placement of the juvenile with the relative unless the court finds that placement with
 48 the relative would be contrary to the best interests of the juvenile. juvenile, including, but not
 49 limited to, the developmental and attachment needs of the juvenile."

50 **SECTION 1.(e)** G.S. 7B-901(c)(1)e. reads as rewritten:

1 "(c) If the disposition order places a juvenile in the custody of a county department of
2 social services, the court shall direct that reasonable efforts for reunification as defined in
3 G.S. 7B-101 shall not be required if the court makes written findings of fact pertaining to any of
4 the following, unless the court concludes that there is compelling evidence warranting continued
5 reunification efforts:

6 (1) A court of competent jurisdiction determines or has determined that
7 aggravated circumstances exist because the parent has committed or
8 encouraged the commission of, or allowed the continuation of, any of the
9 following upon the juvenile:

10 ...

11 e. Chronic or toxic exposure to alcohol or controlled substances that
12 causes impairment of or addiction in the ~~juvenile~~-juvenile, including,
13 but not limited to, exposure to unlawful controlled substances in utero
14 or controlled substances used in violation of the law in utero."

15 **SECTION 1.(f)** G.S. 7B-903 reads as rewritten:

16 **"§ 7B-903. Dispositional alternatives for abused, neglected, or dependent juvenile.**

17 ...

18 (a1) In placing a juvenile in out-of-home care under this section, the court shall first
19 consider whether a relative of the juvenile is willing and able to provide proper care and
20 supervision of the juvenile in a safe home. If the court finds that the relative is willing and able
21 to provide proper care and supervision in a safe home, then the court shall order placement of the
22 juvenile with the relative unless the court finds that the placement is contrary to the best interests
23 of the ~~juvenile~~-juvenile, including, but not limited to, the developmental and attachment needs
24 of the juvenile. In placing a juvenile in out-of-home care under this section, the court shall also
25 consider whether it is in the juvenile's best interest to remain in the juvenile's community of
26 residence. Placement of a juvenile with a relative outside of this State must be in accordance with
27 the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.

28 ...

29 (a4) If the court does not place the juvenile with a relative, the court may consider whether
30 nonrelative kin or other persons with legal custody of a sibling of the juvenile are willing and
31 able to provide proper care and supervision of the juvenile in a safe home. The court may order
32 the department to notify the juvenile's State-recognized tribe of the need for nonsecure custody
33 for the purpose of locating relatives or nonrelative kin for placement. The court may order
34 placement of the juvenile with nonrelative kin if the court finds the placement is in the juvenile's
35 best interests.

36 (a5) Once a juvenile who is not a member of a State-recognized tribe as set forth in
37 G.S. 143B-407(a), has resided in the home of a foster parent for a continuous period of at least
38 nine months, the foster parent is deemed to be nonrelative kin for purposes of this subsection.

39"

40 **SECTION 1.(g)** G.S. 7B-906.1 reads as rewritten:

41 **"§ 7B-906.1. Review and permanency planning hearings.**

42 (a) The court shall conduct a review hearing within 90 days from the date of the initial
43 dispositional hearing held pursuant to G.S. 7B-901 and shall conduct a review hearing within six
44 months thereafter. Within ~~12~~-nine months of the date of the initial order removing custody, there
45 shall be a review hearing designated as a permanency planning hearing. Review hearings after
46 the initial permanency planning hearing shall be designated as subsequent permanency planning
47 hearings. Subsequent permanency planning hearings shall be held at least every six months
48 thereafter or earlier as set by the court to review the progress made in finalizing the permanent
49 plan for the juvenile, or if necessary, to make a new permanent plan for the juvenile.

50 ...

1 (d) At each hearing, the court shall consider the following criteria and make written
2 findings regarding those that are relevant:

3 ...

4 (3) Whether efforts to reunite the juvenile with either parent clearly would be
5 unsuccessful or inconsistent with the juvenile's health or safety and need for a
6 safe, permanent home within a reasonable period of ~~time~~ time, including
7 whether a parent has engaged in any of the factors described under
8 G.S. 7B-901(c). The court shall consider efforts to reunite regardless of
9 whether the juvenile resided with the parent, guardian, or custodian at the time
10 of removal. If the court determines efforts would be unsuccessful or
11 inconsistent, the court shall schedule a permanency planning hearing within
12 30 days to address the permanent plans in accordance with this section and
13 G.S. 7B-906.2, unless the determination is made at a permanency planning
14 hearing.

15 ...

16 (n) Notwithstanding other provisions of this Article, the court may waive the holding of
17 hearings required by this section, may require written reports to the court by the agency or person
18 holding custody in lieu of review hearings, or order that review hearings be held less often than
19 every six months if the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence each of the
20 following:

21 ...

22 The court may not waive or refuse to conduct a ~~review-permanency planning~~ hearing if a
23 party files a motion seeking the ~~review-hearing~~. However, if a guardian of the person has been
24 appointed for the juvenile and the court has also made findings in accordance with subsection (n)
25 of this section that guardianship is the permanent plan for the juvenile, the court shall proceed in
26 accordance with G.S. 7B-600(b).

27"

28 **SECTION 1.(h)** G.S. 7B-905(b) reads as rewritten:

29 "(b) ~~A~~ An initial dispositional order under which a juvenile is removed from the custody
30 of a parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker shall direct that the review hearing required by
31 G.S. 7B-906.1 be held within 90 days from of the date of the initial dispositional hearing and, if
32 practicable, shall set the date and time for the review hearing."

33 **SECTION 1.(i)** G.S. 7B-906.2(b) reads as rewritten:

34 "(b) At any permanency planning hearing, the court shall adopt concurrent permanent
35 plans and shall identify the primary plan and secondary plan. Reunification shall remain a
36 primary or secondary plan unless the court makes or has made written findings under
37 G.S. 7B-901(c) or makes written findings that reunification efforts clearly would be unsuccessful
38 or would be inconsistent with the juvenile's health or safety. The court shall order the county
39 department of social services to make efforts toward finalizing the primary and secondary
40 permanent plans and may specify efforts that are reasonable to timely achieve permanence for
41 the juvenile."

42 **SECTION 1.(j)** G.S. 7B-1103(a) reads as rewritten:

43 "(a) A petition or motion to terminate the parental rights of either or both parents to his,
44 her, or their minor juvenile may only be filed by one or more of the following:

45 ...

46 (5) Any person with whom the juvenile has resided for a continuous period of ~~two~~
47 years-15 months or more next preceding the filing of the petition or motion.

48"

49 **SECTION 1.(k)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2020, and applies to actions
50 filed or pending on or after that date.

1 **PART II. REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,**
2 **DIVISION OF SOCIAL SERVICES, TO REPORT ANNUALLY CERTAIN**
3 **EXPENDITURES FOR THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE**
4 **PROGRAM (SNAP) AND TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES**
5 **(TANF) PROGRAM**

6 **SECTION 2.(a)** The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social
7 Services (Division), shall post on its Web site and make available by June 30 and December 31
8 of each year to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services, the
9 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the House of Representatives Minority Leader, the
10 President of the Senate, and the Senate Minority Leader a report on certain expenditures for the
11 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and Temporary Assistance for Needy
12 Families (TANF) program. The report, at a minimum, shall include each of the following:

- 13 (1) The dollar amount and number of transactions of SNAP benefits accessed or
14 expended out-of-state, by state.
- 15 (2) The dollar amount and number of transactions of TANF benefits accessed or
16 expended out-of-state, by state.
- 17 (3) The dollar amount, number of transactions, and times of transactions of SNAP
18 benefits accessed or expended in this State, by retailer, institution, or location.
- 19 (4) The dollar amount, number of transactions, and times of transactions of TANF
20 benefits accessed or expended in this State, by retailer, institution, or location.

21 **SECTION 2.(b)** The Division shall properly redact any information subject to
22 reporting under subsection (a) of this section to prevent identification of individual recipients of
23 SNAP or TANF benefits.

24 **SECTION 2.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law.

25 **SECTION 3.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
26 law.